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By

Charles C. Smith, Jr. and Lucy C. White

March 1974

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SUMMARY

A wind-tunnel investigation has been made to determine the chordwise and spanwise pressure distributions of a small-scale upper-surface blown jet-augmented flap STOL model. The model was powered by two simulated high-bypass-ratio turbofan engines mounted ahead of and above the wing in a nacelle with a rectangular nozzle. The wing was unswept and untapered and was equipped with partial-span double-slotted trailing-edge flaps and a full-span leading-edge slat. The inboard portion of the trailing-edge flaps behind the engines was covered with thin sheetmetal to form a plain flap with a large radius to provide a smooth upper surface to enhance the turning of the jet sheet. The results of the investigation are presented as tabulated and plotted chordwise pressure distribution coefficients for nine spanwise stations.

INTRODUCTION

Although the upper-surface blown (USB) jet-flap concept is presently receiving a considerable amount of attention in STOL research, it is not a new concept. During the latter part of the 1950's, some preliminary aerodynamic and noise investigations were performed at Langley Research Center (see refs. 1 and 2). The results of the work showed that the concept provided good aerodynamic efficiency and, because the wing tended to shield the engine noise from the ground, offered advantages for minimizing the noise associated with powered lift (see refs. 3, 4, and 5). With the increasing emphasis on quiet STOL aircraft and the availability of lightweight, high-bypass-ratio turbofan engines, attention has once again been focused on the upper-surface blown jet flap as a promising candidate for STOL applications. One of the major problems with the USB concept is that of restoring lateral trim in the event of a failure of one engine.

This problem, of course, involves both roll and yaw, the roll problem being the more critical in an approach condition. The present investigation was made in order to gain a better understanding of the roll problem for an engine-out condition.

The present investigation consisted of wind-tunnel pressure distribution measurements for a small-scale model with an unswept rectangular wing. The model was equipped with two simualted high-bypass-ratio engines mounted in nacelles having moderate aspect-ratio (width-height ratio) rectangular nozzles. The top of the nacelle at the nozzle exit was contoured so that the exhaust flow was deflected downward toward the top of the wing for better spreading and flattening of the exhaust over the wing and flaps. The model had a full-span leading-edge slat and trailing-edge double-slotted flap. The slots in the trailing-edge flaps directly behind the engines were covered by using thin sheetmetal over the flaps.

The tests were performed at angles of attack of 1° and 16° , a trailing-edge flap deflection of 55° , and a range of thrust coefficients for both symmetrical and unsymmetrical power conditions. For some of the engine-out tests, the sheetmetal covering over the flaps behind the failed engine was removed in order to investigate the effects of opening the flap slots behind the dead engine. The results are presented in terms of chordwise pressure distributions for several stations with all engines operating and one engine inoperative.

SYMBOLS

The pressure coefficients are based on free-stream dynamic pressure. Measurements were made in the U.S. Customary Units. They are presented herein in the International System of Units (SI) with equivalent values in the U.S. Customary Units given parenthetically.

b wing span, m (ft)

c wing chord, 0.254 m (0.833 ft)

c_f chord of rear element of trailing-edge flap, m (ft)

c_n wing-section normal-force coefficient, $\int_0^1 c_{px} dx/c$

c_p	pressure coefficient, $\frac{p - p_\infty}{q}$
c_v	chord of vane, or forward element of trailing-edge flap, m (ft)
C_μ	gross thrust coefficient, T/qS
F_A	net axial force, N (lb)
F_N	normal force, N (lb)
F_R	resultant, $\sqrt{F_N^2 + F_A^2}$, N (lb)
p	surface static pressure, N/m ² (lb/ft ²)
p_∞	free-stream static pressure, N/m ² (lb/ft ²)
q	free-stream dynamic pressure, N/m ² (lb/ft ²)
T	thrust (assumed equal to static thrust at same engine rpm), N (lb)
x	longitudinal coordinate of airfoil, m (ft)
y	lateral distance from centerline, measured perpendicular to plane of symmetry, m (ft)
z	airfoil surface ordinate, m (ft)
α	angle of attack, deg
δ_f	deflection of rear element of trailing-edge flap from wing chord reference plane (positive when trailing edge is down), deg
δ_v	deflection of vane from wing chord plane, deg

Abbreviations:

USB	upper-surface blown jet flap
EBF	externally blown jet flap
WRP	wing reference plane

Subscripts:

L	left
R	right
l	lower
u	upper

MODEL AND APPARATUS

The present investigation was conducted on the two-engine, high-wing model shown in figure 1. The model was full-span and not a half-model as might be inferred from the drawing of figure 1. The model was originally intended for use in a test program of an externally blown jet-flap (EBF) configuration but was modified to the USB configuration shown in figure 1 by moving the engines to the upper surface of the wing and closer inboard.

Figure 2 presents details of the engine-nacelle arrangement used in the tests. The top of the exhaust nozzle was contoured so that the exhaust-flow centerline was deflected downward toward the top of the wing; and the sides of the nacelle were flared outward in order to maintain the proper exit area for the turbofan simulators being used. The aspect ratio (width/height) of the nacelle exhaust nozzle was 4.5.

The model had an aspect-ratio-7, unswept, constant-chord wing and incorporated a full-span leading-edge slat and a 75-percent partial-span double-slotted trailing-edge flap (fig. 1). In order to close the flap slots behind the engines and provide a smooth contour for the exhaust jet to follow, a thin piece of sheetmetal was used to fair over the double-slotted trailing-edge flaps in the area immediately behind the engine as shown in figures 1 and 3. The positions of the slat and trailing-edge flaps were set in accordance with the results of previous tests on EBF models (ref. 6) and were not necessarily the best positions for the USB model. The trailing-edge flaps were deflected 55° with gaps and overlaps shown in figure 4. Dimensional characteristics of the model are presented in table I. The airfoil sections for the vane and flap of the trailing-edge flap

assembly were identical, and their coordinates are presented in table II. The wing used an NACA 4415 airfoil section.

In order to determine the chordwise and spanwise pressure distributions on the wing, pressure orifices were located on the upper and lower surfaces on the left wing and flap at eight spanwise stations (see figs. 5, 6, and 7). A few pressure orifices were located on the top of the fuselage (see figs. 5 and 8).

The model was sting-mounted in the 9- by 18-m (30- by 60-ft) test section of the Langley full-scale tunnel.

TESTS AND PROCEDURES

In preparation for the tests, engine calibrations were made to determine the installed static thrust of each engine as a function of engine rotational speed. These calibrations were made with the engines installed in the nacelles on top of the wing, with trailing-edge flaps removed, and with bellmouth inlets installed on the engines. The installed static thrust was computed to be the resultant of the normal and axial forces ($\text{Thrust} = \sqrt{F_N^2 + F_A^2}$). The wind-on tests were run by setting the engine rotational speed to give the desired thrust and holding these speeds constant over the angle-of-attack range.

Tests were made at angles of attack of 1° and 16° for values of static gross thrust coefficient C_{μ} of 1.85 and 3.70 for the configuration with both engines operating; and values of C_{μ} of 0.925 and 1.85 with only one engine operating. Some of the tests with only one engine operating were run with the sheetmetal fairing of figures 1 and 3 removed in the area directly behind the inoperative engine. The free-stream dynamic pressure for the tests was 103.9 N/m^2 (2.17 lb/ft^2) for an airspeed of 13 m/sec (42.7 ft/sec) and a Reynolds number of 0.227×10^6 based on the mean aerodynamic chord.

PRESENTATION OF DATA

The data are presented, without analysis, as a potential source of design information. They are presented in tabular form in tables III to XII and also in graphical form in figures 9 to 19 as plots of pressure coefficient against chordwise station. In the pressure coefficient plots, c_p is plotted on the projected chordwise locations of the orifices for each spanwise station. In order to illustrate further the type of spanwise loading obtained in the tests, the pressure plots of figures 11, 13, 16, and 18 were faired and integrated to determine the section normal-force coefficient c_n for each section along the span. A sample of the fairing method used is illustrated in figure 14b. These normal-force coefficients c_n were then plotted against the wing semispan and presented as figures 20 and 21.

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TABLE I.- DIMENSIONS OF MODEL

Fuselage:

Length, m (ft)	1.830 (6.00)
Diameter, m (ft)	0.196 (0.642)

Wing:

Aspect ratio	7.00
Area, m^2 (ft^2)	0.452 (4.86)
Span, m (ft)	1.778 (5.833)
Chord, m (ft)	0.254 (0.833)
Flap span, percent wing span	0.75
Vane chord, c_v , m (ft)	0.038 (0.125)
Flap chord, c_f , m (ft)	0.076 (0.250)

Leading-edge slat:

Span, percent wing span	1.00
Chord, m (ft)	0.048 (0.158)

TABLE II.- VANE AND FLAP AIRFOIL COORDINATES^a

$\frac{x}{Chord} \times 100$	$\frac{z_u}{Chord} \times 100$	$\frac{z_1}{Chord} \times 100$
0	0	0
5	9.8	-3.3
10	13.0	-4.1
15	15.0	-3.8
20	16.0	-3.8
25	17.2	-3.5
30	17.3	-3.3
40	17.0	-2.8
50	15.2	-2.2
60	12.5	-1.7
70	10.0	-1.3
80	7.1	-0.8
90	4.0	-0.7
100	1.2	-0.3

^aValues are given in percent vane or flap chord.

TABLE III. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL.
 $C_{\mu L} = 0, C_{\mu R} = 0.$

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	-.3486		.5045	.5494	.6577	.8399	.4701	.3909	
2	-.4041			.6392	.7237	.6491	.8637	.8161	
3	-.5045		.5837	.6286	.6735	.7897	.7739	.7263	
4	-.5494		.5309	.5018	.3513	.2483	.0924	.1056	
5	-.6022			.9212	.7468	.8418	.9461	.8368	.5884
6	-.5573			.1344	.12152	.11596	.1038	.9936	.7404
7	-.5414			.15379	.13818	.13197	.1863	.1068	.8344
8	-.5150			.14338	.13401	.12445	.1281	.9815	.7958
9	-.4807		.9354	.11137	.11294	.10286	.9413	.7910	.6391
10	-.4543	-.5659	.7624	.8978	.8431	.9801	.7739	.6584	.5282
11	-.4332	-.3133	.6197	.6479	.6115	.6623	.6186	.4630	.4679
12	-.4015	-.4279	.4396	.5126	.4632	.5386	.5531	.4076	.4052
13			.6851	.6141	.5387	.4851	.4366	.4052	.3593
14			.5962	.5673	.5360	.4923	.4657	.3159	.2291
15				.15821	.8041	.25643	.19505	.0048	.0410
16					.6115	.9238	.9655	.5745	.0748
17		-.5870	.0725			.9316	.8709	.9583	.1640
18			.3882			.5517		.7496	.4852
19			.6780	.6944	.0520	.4476	.2644	.3274	.3473
20			.6827	.8020	.9160	.9498	.9459	.9240	.4582
21			.7178	.8651	.9238	.9055	.8755	.8367	.4992
22			.4560	.4045	.4216	.5282	.4706	.6356	.4896
23			.4466	.4303	.3955	.5647	.4245	.5556	
24			.4466	.4373	.3981	.5465	.3857	.4779	
25			.4373	.4349	.3799	.5022	.4003	.4998	
26				.7762	.8581	.9628	.9524	.9386	.8949
27				.7599	.8324	.8873	.9055	.9046	.8052

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	-.5422			.9727	.9541	.8558	.6192	.0558	-.0000
2	-.7149				.1674	.0505	.3428	.5794	.7946
3	-.9328			-1.5308	-1.4856	-1.1667	-1.7760	-.4917	-.1993
4	-1.0046				-2.3573	-2.3972	-2.1181	-1.8470	-1.3740
5	-.9807				-2.6655	-2.1759	-2.6583	-2.7615	-1.7739
6	-.8531				-3.0478	-2.9614	-3.0513	-3.0416	-2.6984
7	-.7282				-2.5163	-2.6576	-2.5412	-2.5436	-2.2034
8	-.6166				-1.6600	-1.9612	-1.9495	-1.9358	-1.6331
9	-.5687		-1.2143		-9.4797	-1.1521	-1.2791	-1.2279	-1.1745
10	-.4996	-.7553		.9530	.8798	-.6860	.7250	-.8055	-.7474
11	-.4970	-.3082		.7012	.7070	-.5106	.4955	-.4980	-.5411
12	-.4784	-.3341		.5529	.7122	-.4608	-.4199	.3564	-.4319
13				.8069	.7200	.6624	.6125	.5540	-.3810
14				.7646	.7331	.7148	.6667	.5857	-.3422
15					-1.1547	-.4687	-.4492	-.4711	-.0582
16						.7672	-.6336	-.4101	-.5199
17							-.6886	-.4052	-.4565
18								-.3881	-.3808
19								.2402	.0801
20								.3713	.1869
21								.5630	.3980
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									

TABLE IV. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL.
 $C_{\mu L} = 0.925, C_{\mu R} = 0.925.$

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	-.6300			-.1975	-.6193	-.9877	-.9076	-.6140	.5286
2	-.7848				.8970	.7715	.7154	.8970	.8516
3	-.9049			.1495	.3951	.6487	.6674	.7208	.7128
4	-.1.0197			-1.2680	-.9610	-.5953	-.3978	-.1308	-.1842
5	-1.0197				-1.7595	-1.2125	-.8631	-1.3657	-1.0359
6	-.9797			-2.3644	-1.7832	-1.4712	-1.4393	-1.1480	-.8726
7	-.9450			-2.4275	-1.9594	-1.6306	-1.4957	-1.2114	-.9701
8	-.9049			-2.2408	-1.8147	-1.5251	-1.4074	-1.1090	-.9165
9	-.8863		-1.9407	-1.8516	-1.5991	-1.2897	-1.1941	-.9384	-.7654
10	-.8542	.0685	-1.6239	-1.6438	-1.2335	-1.0617	-0.9783	-.7532	-.6362
11	-.8088	-.0142	-1.1653	-1.4202	-.9100	-.8140	-.8116	-.6021	.5460
12	-.7688	-.8935	-4.4724	-1.2046	-.6601	-.6669	-.7282	-.5167	.4729
13					.7113	.5970	.5286	.4682	.3947
14					.6262	.5786	.5313	.4706	.4045
15					-3.1981	-1.1520	-1.4638	-2.1087	-.0902
16					-2.3276	-1.1125	-1.2162	-1.7948	0.0000
17						-1.1599	-1.0519	-1.3682	.0953
18							-1.0519	-.9391	.1682
19							.3971	.3285	.2721
20								.0609	.0609
21									.4704
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	-1.2722			.4811	.9036	.9996	.9087	.2111	.0294
2	-1.6677				-2.0018	-.9782	-.6575	.1764	.5987
3	-2.2210			-3.7097	-3.3301	-2.2504	-1.7827	-.9435	-.5746
4	-1.5582			-4.6905	-4.1320	-3.2313	-2.7796	-1.8735	-1.4967
5	-2.4829			-4.9794	-3.6049	-3.6701	-3.5842	-3.3531	-2.1671
6	-2.2638			-5.9063	-4.8398	-4.3157	-4.0972	-3.4263	-2.5185
7	-1.9165			-5.1190	-4.3132	-3.6676	-3.4786	-2.8553	-2.1744
8	-1.5582			-4.0156	-3.4495	-2.8698	-2.7348	-2.1329	-1.6936
9	-1.2802		-3.7749	-3.0782	-2.5858	-2.1210	-1.9492	-1.5789	-1.2592
10	-1.0317	-2.768	-2.5489	-2.3910	-1.8854	-1.5269	-1.4877	-1.2056	-1.0957
11	-.8766	-.0095	-.7904	-1.8274	-1.2824	-1.0605	-1.0851	-.9274	-.9640
12	-.7483	-.8945	-5.0482	-1.4641	-.9374	-.8788	-.8592	-.7370	-.8493
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TABLE IV. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL.

 $C_{\mu L} = 1.85, C_{\mu R} = 1.85$.(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBt	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	-.6793			-.4405	-.5865	-1.0854	-1.0031	-.6050	-.5069
2	-.8465				.9209	.8121	.7643	.8704	.8386
3	-.9686			.1221	.4246	.4883	.6157	.6953	.7032
4	-1.0986			-1.3109	-.8651	-.6422	-.5307	-.2203	-.2521
5	-1.0986			-1.7622	-1.2079	-1.0335	-1.3552	-1.0250	-.7439
6	-1.1039			-2.3949	-1.7779	-1.4966	-1.4064	-1.1582	-.4675
7	-1.0668			-2.5126	-2.0289	-.6989	-1.5356	-1.2552	-.9862
8	-1.0429			-2.4027	-1.9008	-1.6209	-1.4820	-1.1728	-.9668
9	-.9951		-2.1689	-2.0184	-1.6759	-1.3991	-1.2797	-.9983	-.8045
10	-.9580	-.2467	-1.8611	-1.7648	-1.3543	-1.1822	-1.1212	-.8117	-.7124
11	-.9261	.2067	-.6837	-1.6445	-1.0223	-.9945	-.9847	-.6809	-.6082
12	-.8625	-.4605	-5.0429	-1.5034	-.7504	-.8653	-.9799	-.5815	-.5476
13				.6906	.5857	.5360	.4191	.3509	.5622
14				.6084	.5883	.5412	.4459	.3680	.4604
15				.4133	-1.2890	-2.7495	-3.3150	-1.308	-.0630
16				-2.8969	-1.2602	-1.8379	-2.6520	-.0315	-.0073
17				.0399	-1.2314	-1.2163	-1.5917	.0436	.0267
18				-4.5376	-2.1779	-1.3236	-.7117	.1212	.0993
19				.5990	.6813	.1255	.1511	.1218	.1696
20				.7094	.7799	.9726	.9830	.9406	-.0024
21				.7494	.8591	.8915	.9151	.8626	-.6542
22				-21.4690	-3.2358	-2.4106	-.7112	-.8482	-.6954
23				-19.5820	-2.7822	-1.9714	-.7321	-.8629	-.1139
24				-17.3636	-2.6318	-1.9374	-.7739	-.8775	-.0042
25				-10.5793	-1.7624	-.9125	-.7399	-.9189	-1.0189
26				.7470	.8997	.9491	.9752	.9187	.8724
27				.7658	.8152	.8863	.9177	.8748	.7627

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBt	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	-1.4593			.4009	.8660	.9702	.9061	.3876	.0561
2	-1.9030				-2.5204	-1.2696	-.5853	.1363	.6816
3	-2.4189			-4.0626	-3.3998	-2.3815	-1.7614	-.9943	-.5078
4	-2.6781			-5.0489	-4.3005	-3.2287	-2.7557	-1.8950	-1.5342
5	-2.5525				-5.2377	-3.7630	-3.7807	-3.6654	-3.4558
6	-2.2879				-6.1752	-4.9322	-4.4092	-4.1367	-3.4948
7	-1.8790				-5.3799	-4.4624	-3.7488	-3.5401	-2.8944
8	-1.5529				-4.2976	-3.5392	-2.9755	-2.7766	-2.1916
9	-1.2502		-4.1655	-3.3891	-2.6491	-2.2365	-1.9689	-1.6791	-1.2739
10	-1.0424	-1.0011	-2.8890	-2.6123	-1.9671	-1.6203	-1.5467	-1.2666	-1.1300
11	-.8954	.3620	-.3573	-2.0356	-1.3298	-1.1318	-1.1318	-.9762	-.9933
12	-.7511	-.2319	-5.3868	-1.7011	-.9770	-.9378	-.8985	.7810	.8810
13				.7784	.7136	.6583	.5670	.6933	.6931
14				.7997	.7821	.7505	.6455	.5817	.5638
15					-3.8473	-1.3799	-1.1882	-1.5663	-.1733
16					-3.2443	-1.3456	-1.1931	-1.3871	-.0268
17					-1.3720	-1.2128	-1.4288	.0927	-.0146
18					-2.3621	-1.2201	-1.3233	.1708	.0317
19					.0395	.4240	.3976	.3632	.3343
20					.9453	.9848	.9376	.9351	.5686
21					.9059	.9164	.8615	.8026	.8615
22					-3.7774	-2.6965	-.8269	-.9476	.9079
23					-3.1644	-2.2278	-.8348	-.8200	.9305
24					-17.7110	-2.8093	-.8664	-.8789	-.9476
25					-10.2815	-2.0874	-1.0981	-.8295	-1.0508
26					.8614	.9393	.9006	.9348	.8296
27					.8920	.8778	.9138	.9480	.7805

TABLE VI. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL.
 $C_{\mu L} = 0.925$, $C_{\mu R} = 0$.

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
1	-.4640						-.4535		.6829		-.9044		-.9729		-.5774		-.4667	
2	-.5431								.8411		.7594		.7251		.8701		.8147	
3	-.6802						.3770		.4878		.5880		.6117		.7093		.7040	
4	-.7198						-.9175		-.7277		-.5379		-.4113		-.1635		-.1714	
5	-.3956						-1.3742		-.9793		-.9203		-1.1697		-.9461		-.6909	
6	-.7251								-1.8470		-1.6184		-1.3029		-1.3126		-1.0497	
7	-.7356								-2.1535		-1.7404		-1.5282		-1.3828		-1.1532	
8	-.6987								-1.9924		-1.7301		-1.4313		-1.3780		-1.0713	
9	-.6802						-1.7417		-1.7249		-1.4521		-1.2642		-1.1504		-.9124	
10	-.6750		.5602		-1.5409		-1.5144		-1.1768		-1.0680		-0.9929		-.7367		-.6163	
11	-.6776		.0327		-1.0342		-1.3118		-.8780		-.8573		-.8743		-.5850		-.5585	
12	-.6776		-.5976		-4.4897		-1.1430		-.6390		-.7556		-.8646		-.5128		-.4863	
13					.7025		.5793		.5351		.4334		.3729		.4935		.4165	
14					.6092		.5845		.5325		.4503		.4019		.3996		.2696	
15							-2.8523		-1.1222		-2.4291		-3.0369		-.1035		-.0072	
16									-2.2314		-1.0728		-1.4095		-2.4218		.0024	
17									-1.0962		-1.0438		-1.4361		.0963		.1324	
18									-2.7853		-1.7197		-1.0898		-.6127		.1469	
19									.6138		.0520		.4026		.1646		.3226	
20									.6955		.7399		.9689		.9346		-.1709	
21									.7492		.7912		.9092		.8692		.8256	
22									-14.3029		-2.1689		-1.9275		-.6053		-.9639	
23									-12.5518		-1.8747		-1.7353		-.6001		-.8161	
24									-10.6629		-1.7673		-1.5716		-.6157		-.7919	
25									+5.7552		-1.2794		-.7845		-.6234		-.7968	
26									.7656		.8379		.9559		.9637		.8764	
27									.8099		.8239		.8936		.9144		.7651	

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
1	-.9042								.8623		.9462		.9567		.7889		.2280	
2	-1.1453								-1.5490		-.7129		-.1887		.3198		.6681	
3	-1.4494								-3.1399		-2.6078		-1.8556		-1.2580		-.6526	
4	-1.5752								-3.8711		-3.5016		-2.7939		-2.3877		-1.6590	
5	-1.3970								-4.3769		-3.1038		-3.4570		-3.2018		-3.2547	
6	-1.2030								-5.1593		-4.2917		-4.0059		-3.7218		-3.2212	
7	-.8990								-4.4337		-3.8165		-3.3679		-3.1440		-2.6731	
8	-.7732								-3.4912		-3.1090		-2.6529		-2.5181		-1.9863	
9	-.7115								-3.1146		-2.6519		-2.3188		-1.9524		-1.7670	
10	-.7679		.2622		-2.1444		-2.1097		-1.6552		-1.3987		-1.3385		-1.1224		-.9979	
11	-.7738		.1504		-.5175		-1.6371		-1.1388		-.9389		-.9774		-.8328		-.9046	
12	-.7548		-.6103		-5.1732		-1.3066		-.7953		-.7920		-.7463		-.6725		-.7778	
13									.8074		.7179		.6636		.5199		.5911	
14									.8028		.7643		.7333		.6402		.4834	
15									-2.4066		-1.2162		-1.0111		-1.2663		.1316	
16									-2.1536		-1.1517		-1.0135		-1.1772		.0024	
17									-1.1697		-1.0304		-1.1868		.1149		.0072	
18									-4.9899		-1.6862		-1.0280		-1.0905		.2010	
19									.7855		.7749		.4380		.3899		.3376	
20									.9372		.8793		.9244		.9170		.5480	
21									.9234		.9281		.8934		.9296		.8207	
22									-13.2987		-2.9869		-2.0658		-.6636		-.7655	
23									-11.7205		-2.2349		-1.8101		-.6843		-.6355	
24									-9.8661		-2.0655		-1.8773		-.7101		-.7487	
25									-5.1407		-1.4296		-.9038		-.6585		-.7318	
26									.9118		.9397		.9012		.9167		.8833	
27									.9327		.8608		.9167		.9296		.9194	

TABLE VII. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL
 $C_{\mu L} = 1.85, C_{\mu R} = 0.$

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUGF	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
1	-.5050					.4866		-.7260		-1.0363		-.8969		-.5234		-.4314	
2	-.5997							-.8022		.7233		.6444		.8627		.8312	
3	-.7128							.1841		.4603		.6628		.6734		.7181	
4	-.7838							-1.1494		-.8917		-.4866		-.4182		-.1499	
5	-.8180							-1.4123		-1.1325		-.9664		-1.2974		-.9439	
6	-.8022							-2.1457		-1.7259		-1.4351		-1.3578		-1.1240	
7	-.7838							-2.2157		-1.9073		-1.5462		-1.4544		-1.1792	
8	-.7601							-2.1042		-1.7881		-1.4810		-1.4037		-1.0976	
9	-.7260							-1.9937		-1.8399		-1.5704		-1.2998		-1.2031	
10	-.7260									-1.6870		-1.2750		-1.1258		-1.0654	
11	-.7286									-1.5574		-.9640		-.9253		-.6316	
12	-.7075									-1.4460		-.7075		-.8118		-.5308	
13												.6659		.5157		.4203	
14												.5520		.5157		.4299	
15														-4.2681		-1.2413	
16														-2.7987		-1.1791	
17														-1.8071		-2.5392	
18														-1.2050		-1.1355	
19														-5.1916		-1.2346	
20														.5402		.6519	
21														.6659		.7358	
22																	
23																	
24																	
25																	
26																	
27																	

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUGF	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
1	-.9243					.8384		.9191		.9477		.7212		.1432		.0443	
2	-.11690							-1.4580		-.6717		-.1718		.3072		.6743	
3	-.14945							-2.4890		-2.6140		-1.9059		-1.4424		-.5337	
4	-.15850							-4.1502		-3.0451		-2.8432		-2.4865		-1.6793	
5	-.13799							-4.5096		-3.3091		-3.4772		-3.3816		-3.2641	
6	-.11326							-5.3227		-4.3762		-4.0177		-3.8001		-3.2427	
7	-.8722							-4.6686		-3.8683		-3.4772		-3.1974		-2.7530	
8	-.8358							-3.6810		-3.2039		-2.7143		-2.5685		-2.0279	
9	-.7941							-3.3776		-2.8602		-2.4061		-2.0184		-1.8247	
10	-.7759							-1.1567		-2.4875		-2.2830		-1.7828		-1.4182	
11	-.8332							.3872		-1.7931		-1.2108		-.9877		-1.0355	
12	-.7655							-5.6025		-1.5083		-.8542		.8251		-.7940	
13														.7560		.6156	
14														.7629		.7439	
15																-3.4579	
16																	
17																	
18																	
19																	
20																	
21																	
22																	
23																	
24																	
25																	
26																	
27																	

TABLE VIII. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL.
 $C_{\mu L} = 0$, $C_{\mu R} = 0.925$.

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUB	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	.4733								
2	-.5649								
3	-.6437								
4	-.6436								
5	-.7435								
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUB	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	-.7230								
2	-.9394								
3	-.12323								
4	-.13326								
5	-.12934								
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									

TABLE IX. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL.
 $C_{\mu L} = 0$, $C_{\mu R} = 1.85$.

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	-.5180				-.5389	-.6200	-.8450	-.8476	-.5049	-.4657
2	-.6096					.8319	.7979	.6750	.8215	.7979
3	-.7090				.4971	.4971	.5886	.6482	.7456	.7273
4	-.7482				-.7247	-.6540	-.4997	-.4003	-.1203	-.1413
5	-.7450				-1.1289	-.8583	-.9251	-1.1318	-.8886	-.6760
6	-.7744				-.16599	-.12578	-.13072	-.11390	-.10558	-.7572
7	-.7639				-.16650	-.14949	-.13240	-.12664	-.10534	-.8719
8	-.7561				-.15259	-.13996	-.12760	-.12135	-.9866	-.8289
9	-.7351				-.1650	-.11650	-.11573	-.10933	-.9972	-.8289
10	-.7142	-.6161		-.7783	-.8660	-.9047	-.8867	-.8627	-.6521	-.5637
11	-.6828	-.1922		-.5976	-.6830	-.6495	-.6896	-.7281	-.5016	-.5064
12	-.6519	-.2408		-.4262	-.5722	-.5000	-.5743	-.7161	-.4348	-.4252
13					.6832	.6109	.5387	.4564	.3916	.3774
14					.5952	.5799	.5310	.4757	.4468	.3535
15						-1.4331	-.8892	-1.8767	-2.5447	-.0645
16						-.5619	-.9098	-.8362	-.20353	.0263
17							-.9330	-.7473	-.1606	.0979
18								-.7449	-.4566	.1577
19								.4356	.2426	.2914
20								.9614	.9321	.9201
21									.8192	.5518
22										-.4300
23										-.4085
24										
25										
26										
27										

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
1	-.7984				.9402	.9455	.8352	.6119	.0683	-.0657
2	-.1.0420					-.3178	.1392	.1024	.5962	.7301
3	-.1.2921				-1.2291	-.1.3604	-.1.1477	-.9428	-.5358	-.2915
4	-.1.3998				-1.0723	-.2.3163	-.2.1640	-.2.0117	-.1.4943	-.1.2291
5	-.1.3319				-2.0803	-.2.1295	-.2.6897	-.2.7886	-.2.8129	-.1.8704
6	-.1.0846				-.2.4659	-.2.8488	-.3.2180	-.3.1166	-.2.8920	-.2.1150
7	-.9349				-.1.9820	-.2.5564	-.2.7162	-.2.6776	-.2.3860	-.1.8105
8	-.8299				-.1.6669	-.1.8966	-.2.1083	-.2.0745	-.1.7793	-.1.4052
9	-.7593				-.1.0208	-.8668	-.1.2316	-.1.5197	-.1.4474	-.1.3117
10	-.7514	-.8046		-.9953	-.7581	-.8125	-.1.0469	-.1.0879	-.9496	-.8609
11	-.6770	-.1302		-.7487	-.7452	-.8176	-.7406	-.8057	-.7122	-.7674
12	-.6802	-.1093		-.6906	-.1.0065	-.8254	-.5693	-.6272	-.5587	-.6690
13					.7904	.6805	.6081	.5667	.4944	.4916
14					.7463	.7141	.6727	.6198	.5498	.4077
15						-1.2523	-.1.6819	-.8612	-.1.1675	-.1.031
16						-.7400	-.1.7310	-.8684	-.1.0952	.0288
17							-.1.6172	-.9070	-.1.1145	.1247
18								-.8829	-.9649	.1990
19									.4148	.3261
20									.9164	.5443
21									.8199	.8345
22									.7754	.7194
23									.6151	.8849
24									.5838	.8968
25									.6320	
26									.6127	
27									.5934	

TABLE X. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL WITH METAL
FLAP BEHIND LEFT ENGINE REMOVED. $C_{\mu L} = 0$, $C_{\mu R} = 0$.

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	-.3598			-.4981	-.6419	-.7911	-.8577	-.5514	-.4315
2	-.4422				.7592	.7805	.7379	.8658	.8364
3	-.5114			.4875	.6073	.6660	.7139	.6979	.7459
4	-.5647			-.6313	-.5780	-.3702	-.3862	-.1731	-.1252
5	-.5700			-.9815	-.6666	-.9296	-1.0005	-.9048	-.6105
6	-.5727			-1.4775	-1.2466	-1.2207	-1.1546	-1.0264	-.7637
7	-.5327			-1.5274	-1.3935	-1.2941	-1.1987	-1.0386	-.8440
8	-.4981			-1.3516	-1.3358	-1.2427	-1.1620	-.9462	-.8002
9	-.4794			-.9553	-1.0550	-1.1259	-1.0176	-.7783	-.6470
10	-.4501	-.2600		-.7453	-.7453	-.8008	-.7999	-.6081	-.5473
11	-.4235	-.4505		-.5307	-.5327	-.6220	-.5993	-.6067	-.4865
12	-.4024	-.3032		-.3727	-.4514	-.4934	-.5553	-.5088	-.4451
13				.5943	.5905	.5537	.4868	.4428	-.3940
14				.5519	.5668	.5406	.4843	.4281	-.3430
15				.6482	.9763	-1.7662	-2.0402	-.0389	.0049
16				-.6403	-1.2098	-1.2818	-1.6537	.0462	.0462
17				-.8067	.0613	-1.2020	-.6849	-.1076	.1313
18					-.6510	-.6508	-.8048	-.6703	.1849
19				.5266	.5943	.4593	.4041	.3253	.3792
20				.4033	.9802	.9762	.9657	.9589	.9295
21				.9221	.9434	.9237	.9080	.8880	.8219
22				.5519	.4080	.3917	.9526	-.4477	-.4183
23				.5165	.4246	.3254	-1.0288	-.4892	-.4917
24				.4994	.3986	.3385	-.6377	-.5088	-.4477
25				.4057	.3868	.3438	-.4461	-.4868	-.4477
26				.9717	.9599	.9683	.9237	.9418	.8757
27				.9269	.4009	.9080	.9001	.8929	.7632

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
1	-.5734				.9744	.9638	.9080	.6292	.2416	.0637
2	-.7699					-.6106	-.2867	.1062	.3717	.6558
3	-.4954				-1.9910	-1.7601	-1.3406	-1.1737	-.6079	-.3902
4	-.5117				-2.7237	-2.0760	-2.3282	-2.1344	-1.4654	-.12522
5	-.4769				-2.7909	-2.4299	-2.8355	-.8501	-2.8727	-.18594
6	-.8469				-3.2878	-3.2224	-3.3255	-3.1744	-2.3042	-.21139
7	-.6925				-2.7667	-2.8798	-2.7965	-2.7112	-2.3878	-.18278
8	-.5145				-1.8126	-2.1483	-2.1138	-2.0699	-1.7454	-.10436
9	-.5117				-1.6292	-1.0381	-1.4360	-1.4360	-1.2485	-.9963
10	-.4856	-.7424			-1.0391	-.9599	-.8448	-.8948	-.9533	-.8145
11	-.4674	-.5759			-.7687	-.7690	-.5885	-.5973	-.6290	-.6182
12	-.4445	-.5125			-.6324	-.6774	-.5362	-.4998	-.4754	-.4727
13					.6911	.7036	.6669	.6071	.5461	.4194
14					.7263	.7428	.7062	.6631	.5876	.3539
15					.6173	-.6696	-.5510	-.6949	-.0267	-.0994
16						-.6461	-.6565	-.5486	-.6485	-.0848
17						-.7194	-.0071	-.6931	-.5593	-.1697
18							-.7029	-.6277	-.5608	-.2497
19							.7428	.5022	.5339	-.3757
20							.9943	.9990	.9834	.5794
21							.9473	.9389	.9206	.8289
22							.9473	-.3871	-.3374	-.3901
23							.4607	-.3714	-.3583	-.3340
24							.4336	-.4967	-.3793	-.3688
25							.4796	-.4204	-.3714	-.3426
26							.9155	.9614	.9677	.9416
27							.9474	.9402	.9363	.9389

TABLE XI. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL WITH METAL
FLAP BEHIND LEFT ENGINE REMOVED. $C_{\mu L} = 0$, $C_{\mu R} = 0.925$.

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUSt	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
1	-.4683					-4550		.5960		.8673		.8913		.6305		.5002	
2	-.5773							.8302		.8009		.8036		.8914		.8621	
3	-.6891					.4709		.5109		.5987		.5854		.6492		.6599	
4	-.7476					-.7290		-.6705		-.5294		-.4363		-.1570		-.2182	
5	-.7689					-1.1691		-.8808		-.8992		-1.1142		-.9475		-.6487	
6	-.7609					-1.5676		-1.3116		-1.2559		-1.2266		-1.0690		-.7944	
7	-.7104					-1.7013		-1.5047		-1.4221		-1.2755		-1.1321		-.8770	
8	-.6811					-1.5047		-1.4129		-1.3292		-1.2193		-1.0010		-.8285	
9	-.6543					-1.0225		-1.1324		-1.1613		-1.0531		-.9920		-.6778	
10	-.6254					-.6031		-.8034		-.7576		-.7868		-.8088		-.6195	
11	-.6146					-.4900		-.5631		-.5819		-.6213		-.5693		-.6280	
12	-.5900					-.3709		-.4076		-.4745		-.5033		-.4569		-.5302	
13								.6078		.5976		.5505		.5033		.4374	
14								.5677		.5819		.5426		.4862		.4374	
15								-.5950		-.9568		-.6402		-1.6347		-.0607	
16								-.6265		-.9673		-.6573		-1.3708		.0437	
17								-.7421		.0495		-1.0223		-.6817		.1118	
18								-.6644		-.6317		-.6744		-.7013		.1822	
19								.5607		.6502		.4587		.4273		.3518	
20								.4281		.9870		.9725		.9672		.9285	
21								.9258		.9753		.9200		.9279		.8723	
22								.5065		.3911		-.3486		-1.1980		.4007	
23								.5042		-.4029		-.3539		-1.1062		.4203	
24								.4006		-.4029		-.3617		-.7733		.4300	
25								.4301		-.3746		-.3486		-.4928		-.4056	
26								.9823		.9870		.9646		.9384		.9334	
27								.9211		.9140		.9069		.9069		.8992	

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUSt	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	7	1	8	1
1	-.8635					.9679		.9839		.9277		.7406		.2246		.0187	
2	-.1.1335							-.6764		-.3475		-.0909		.4331		.6978	
3	...					-.1.0055		-.1.8927		-.1.3607		-.1.2511		-.6336		-.4491	
4	-.1.5105					-2.2991		-2.6814		-2.2384		-2.1494		-1.6040		-1.3340	
5	-.1.3928					-2.4417		-2.3706		-2.8677		-2.9831		-2.9514		-1.9627	
6	-.1.0072					-2.7683		-3.1634		-3.3956		-3.3047		-2.9856		-2.2191	
7	-.1.0040					-2.2336		-2.8052		-2.8652		-2.8088		-2.4754		-1.9066	
8	-.9170					-1.4355		-2.1256		-2.2097		-2.1360		-1.9211		-1.4281	
9	-.0688					-1.2452		-1.1115		-1.4355		-1.5492		-1.0559		-1.0180	
10	-.7650					-.9327		-1.0559		-1.1010		-1.0009		-1.0680		-.9545	
11	-.7405					-.7883		-.9446		-.1.0852		-.7639		-.6875		-.7080	
12	-.5704					-.6665		-.8807		-.9193		-.6638		-.5622		-.5444	
13								-.7977		.7085		.6637		.5591		.5524	
14								-.7385		.7375		.7111		.6580		.5892	
15								-.7639		-.9403		-.7611		-.8863		-.0659	
16								-.7955		-.9614		-.7194		-.8421		.0610	
17								-.7789		-.9719		-.7415		-.8446		.1562	
18								-.7670		-.7270		-.7317		-.7513		.2466	
19								.7257		.6415		.4688		.5131		.3711	
20								1.0084		.9847		.9929		.9501		.5737	
21								.9658		.9303		.9455		.9087		.8937	
22								.4001		-.4048		-.4293		-.2037		-.4616	
23								.4095		-.4048		-.4636		-.9561		-.4665	
24								.4190		-.4214		-.5215		-.8086		-.4837	
25								.3953		-.3811		-.4662		-.5110		-.4591	
26								.9752		.9823		.9561		.9429		.8986	
27								.9492		.9681		.9350		.9561		.9060	

TABLE XII. - PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS FOR WING AND FLAP OF MODEL WITH METAL FLAP BEHIND LEFT ENGINE REMOVED. $C_{\mu L} = 0$, $C_{\mu R} = 1.85$.

(a) $\alpha = 1^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	.5328			-.4395	-.6447	-.7832	-.9323	-.5674	.4315
2	-.6287				.8285	.7593	.7140	.8951	.8605
3	-.7565			.4076	.5275	.6234	.7166	.7086	.7006
4	-.8258			-.7885	-.7326	-.4582	-.3623	-.1332	-.1705
5	-.8285			-.10708	-.8871	-.9076	-.11890	-.8781	-.7103
6	-.7492			-.5826	-.4619	-.2355	-.13260	-.10484	-.8368
7	-.7539			-.7664	-.5721	-.4092	-.13162	-.1068	-.8757
8	-.7246			-.5354	-.4435	-.3260	-.12379	-.0022	-.8368
9	-.7192			-.10851	-.1312	-.1968	-.10471	-.0079	-.7079
10	-.6873	-.6228	-.8374	-.8189	-.8871	-.8342	-.7975	-.6349	-.5595
11	-.6793	-.5048	-.5709	-.5748	-.6299	-.5774	-.5896	-.4938	-.5157
12	-.6633	-.3868	-.4246	-.4908	-.5013	-.4673	-.4673	-.4354	-.4597
13				.5967	.6036	.5485	.4991	.4281	.3843
14				.5661	.5721	.5354	.5064	.4208	.3357
15				.7008	-.8687	-.12868	-.11107	-.0414	-.0073
16					-.7139	-.9265	-.9248	-.0442	.0438
17						-.9685	-.8391	-.9346	.1314
18							-.8269	-.8220	.1970
19							.4383	.3792	.4086
20							.5614	.6321	.3357
							.9246	1.0001	.1678
								.9894	.9541
									.9443
									-.1751
									-.4281
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									

(b) $\alpha = 16^\circ$.

WING STATIONS

TUBE	J	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	-.9532			.4667	.4640	.8880	.7707	.3544	.0725
2	-.1.2378				-.6122	-.4565	-.2578	.3464	.6149
3	-.1.5144			-.1.6325	-.1.8796	-.1.5439	-.1.3613	-.6041	-.4672
4	-.1.5344				-.2.3468	-.2.7116	-.2.4380	-.2.2608	-.1.5976
5	-.1.5030				-.2.4471	-.2.4048	-.2.9838	-.2.9912	-.3.0722
6	-.1.3103				-.2.8122	-.3.2593	-.3.5313	-.3.4129	-.3.1041
7	-.1.1250				-.2.3016	-.2.8651	-.2.9394	-.2.8852	-.2.5402
8	-.1.0339				-.1.4709	-.2.1746	-.2.2613	-.2.2268	-.1.8757
9	-.0838				-.1.2341	-.1.1402	-.1.5318	-.1.5905	-.1.3657
10	-.0512	-1.0082	-1.1437	-1.1243	-1.0609	-1.1146	-1.1171	-.9955	-.9268
11	-.1.0867	-.8465	-.9772	-.1.0952	-.8386	-.7299	-.7743	-.7307	-.7944
12	-.1.572	-.7418	-.9226	-.1.0159	-.7196	-.5869	-.6017	-.5639	-.6914
13					.6776	.6904	.6428	.5943	.6198
14					.7132	.7275	.6957	.6559	.6154
15						-.807	-.1.0397	-.7669	-.5795
									-.4217
									-.4928
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									

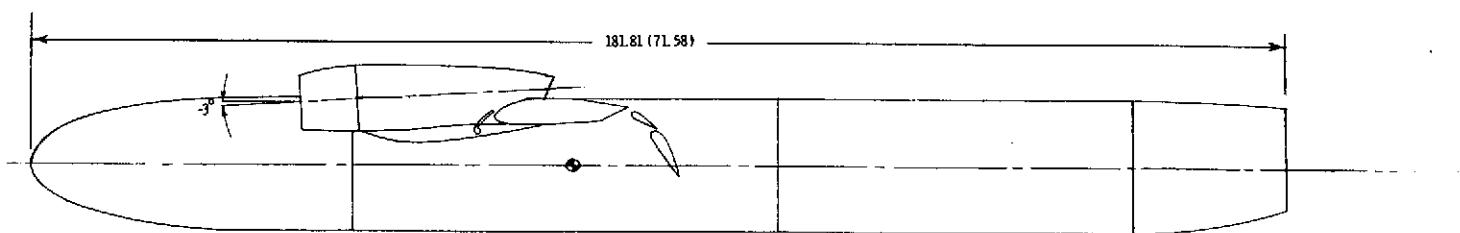
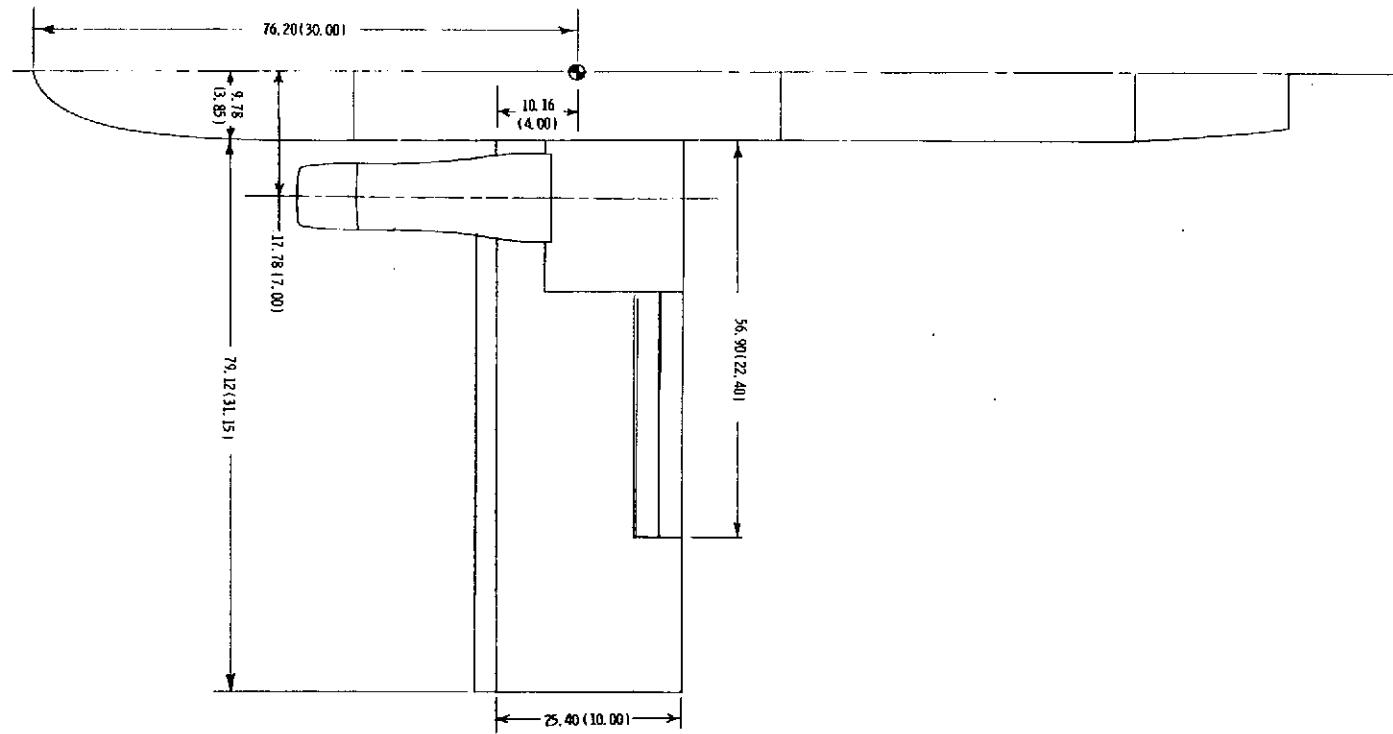
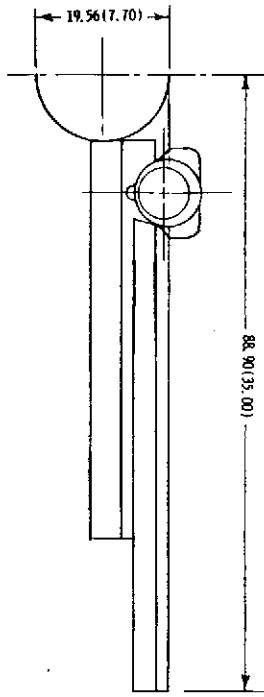


Figure 1. - Three -view drawing of model used in investigation.
Dimensions are in centimeters (inches).

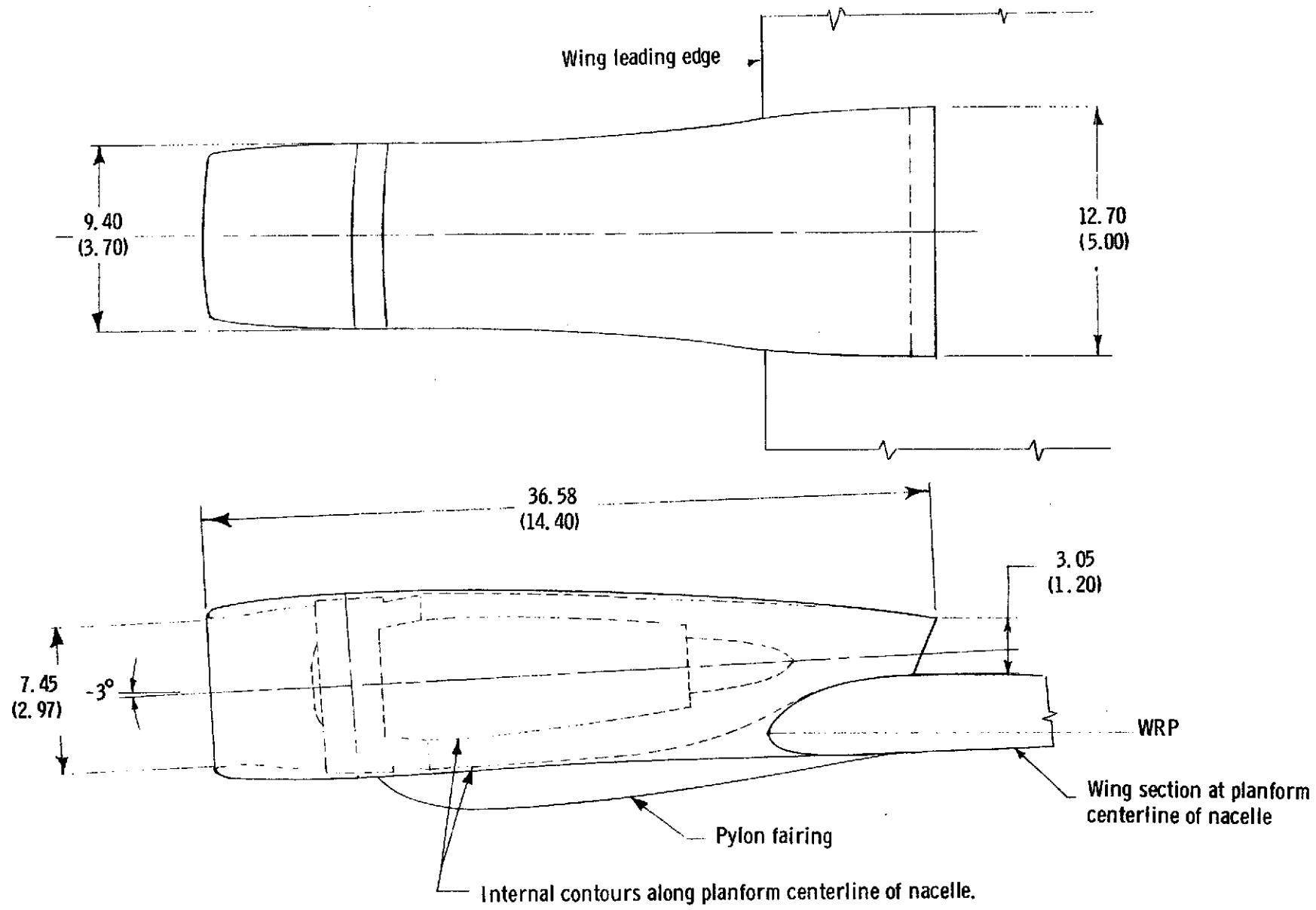


Figure 2. - Sketch of basic nacelle showing typical installation on wing.

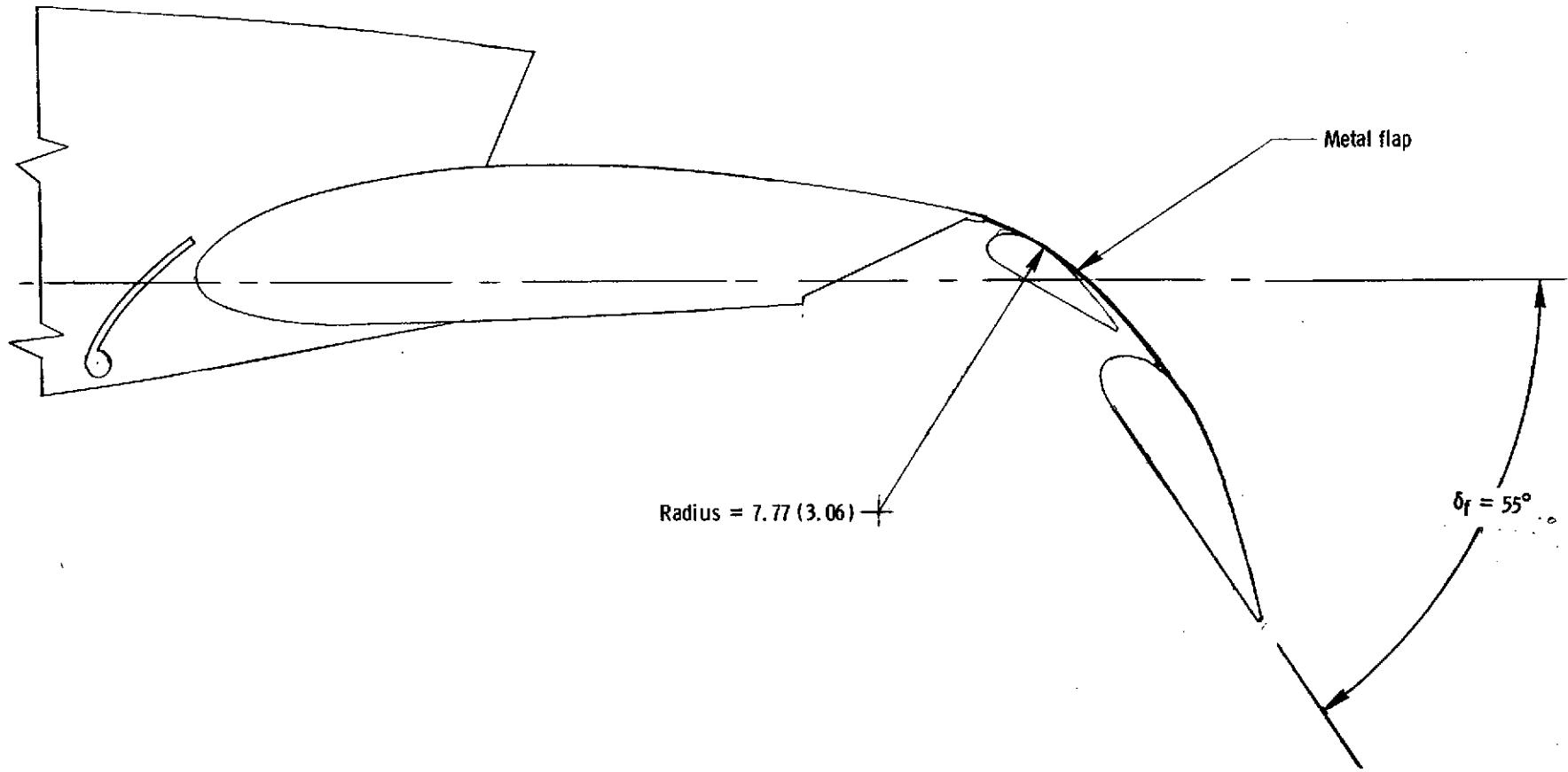


Figure 3. - Details of plain metal flap. Dimensions are in centimeters (inches).

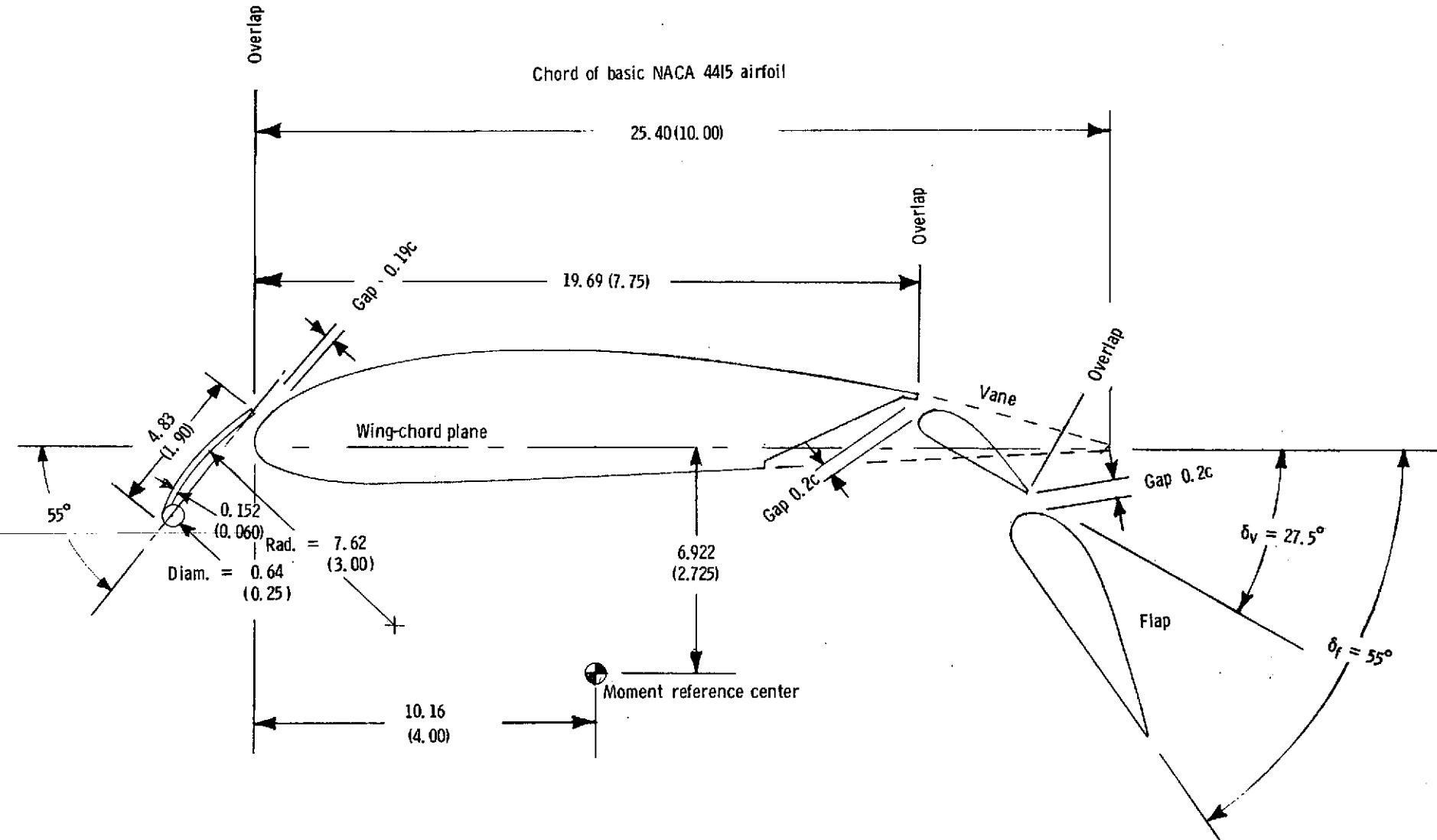


Figure 4.- Details of slats and flaps. Dimensions are in centimeters (inches).

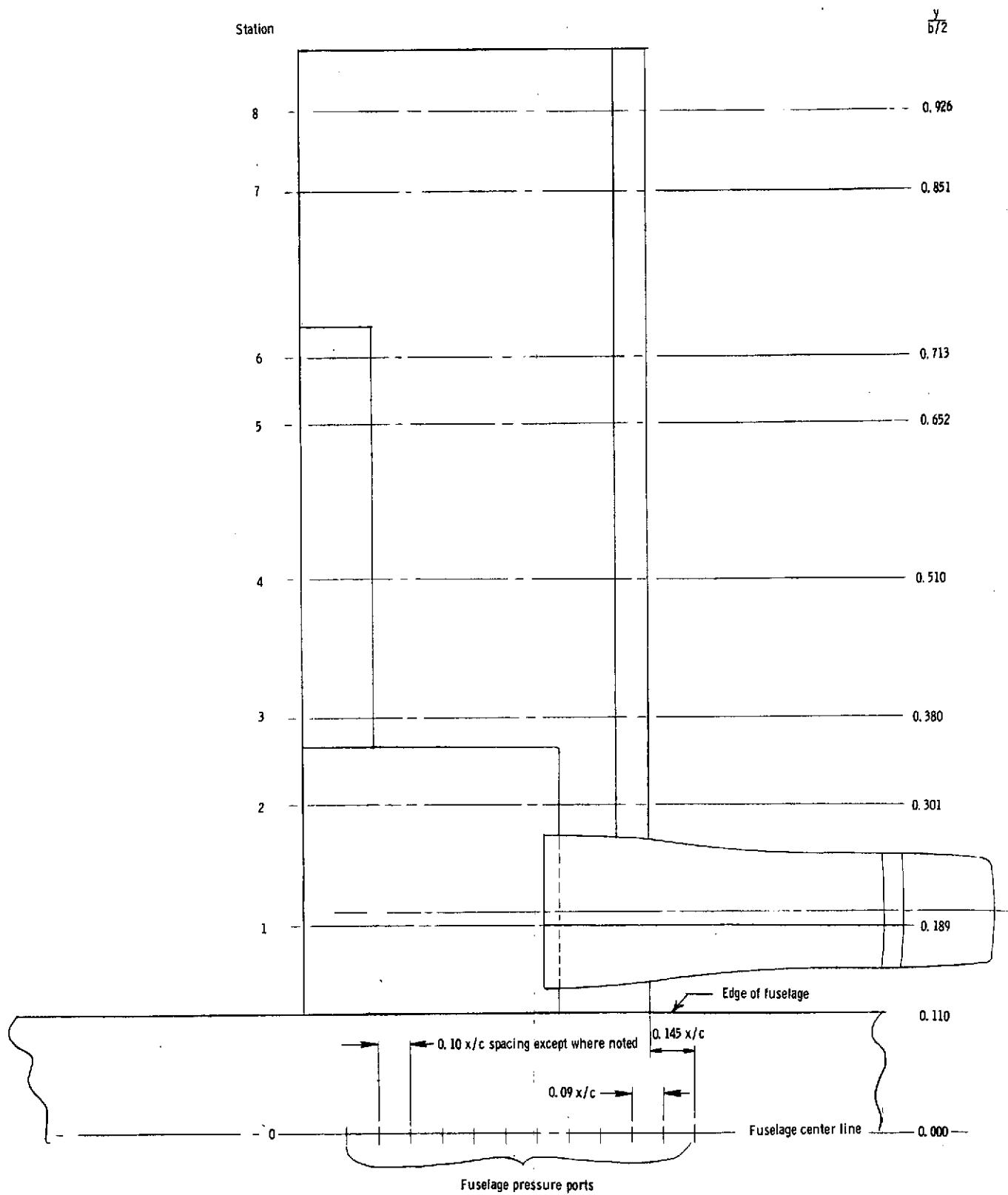
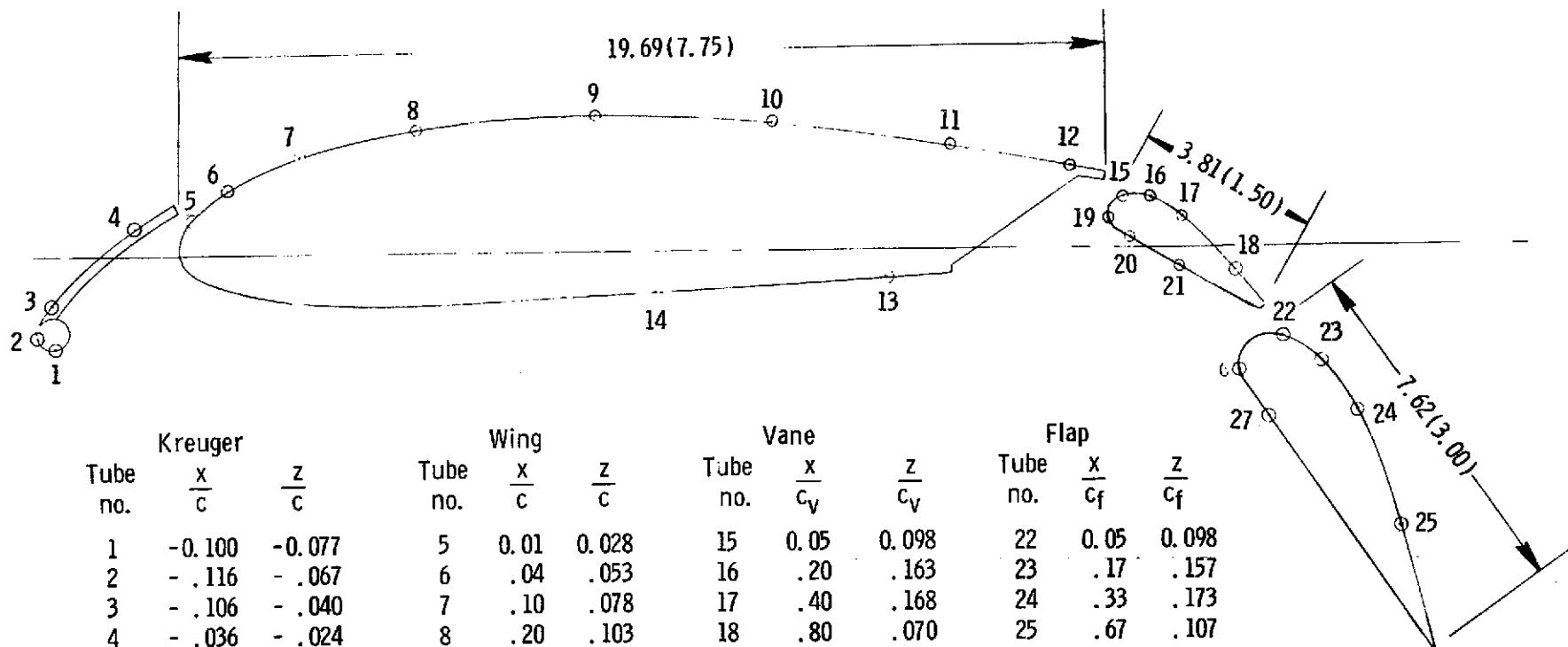
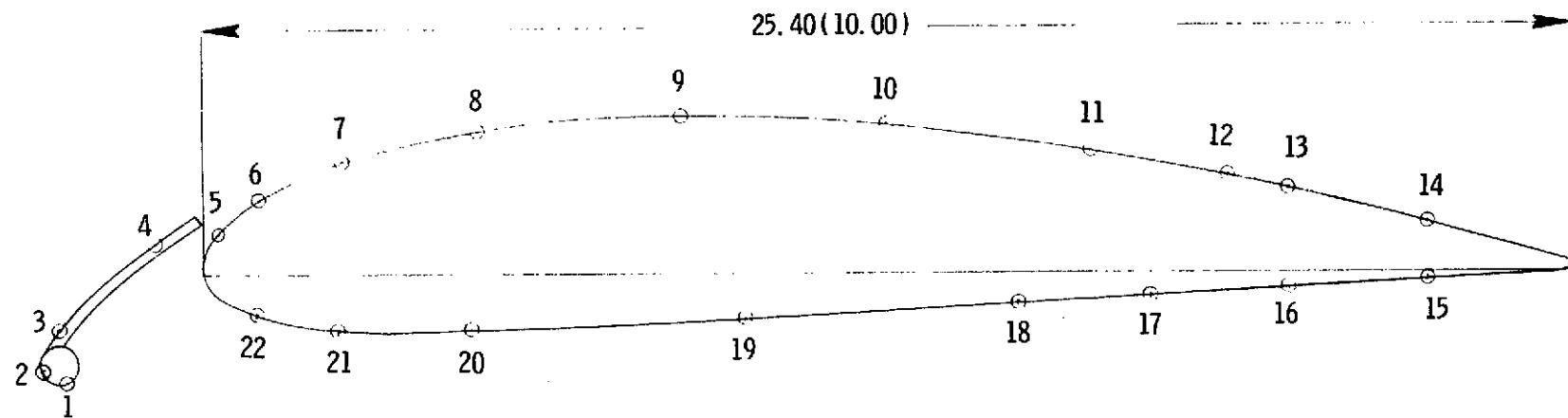


Figure 5. - Spanwise location of pressure orifices.



Kreuger			Wing			Vane			Flap		
Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c}$	$\frac{z}{c}$	Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c}$	$\frac{z}{c}$	Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c_v}$	$\frac{z}{c_v}$	Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c_f}$	$\frac{z}{c_f}$
1	-0.100	-0.077	5	0.01	0.028	15	0.05	0.098	22	0.05	0.098
2	-.116	-.067	6	.04	.053	16	.20	.163	23	.17	.157
3	-.106	-.040	7	.10	.078	17	.40	.168	24	.33	.173
4	-.036	-.024	8	.20	.103	18	.80	.070	25	.67	.107
			9	.35	.112	19	.05	-.033	26	.05	-.033
			10	.50	.105	20	.20	-.037	27	.20	-.037
			11	.65	.084	21	.50	-.024			
			12	.75	.066						
			13	.60	-.021						
			14	.40	-.033						

Figure 6. - Chordwise location of pressure orifices. Dimensions are in centimeters (inches).



Kreuger			Wing			Wing		
Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c}$	$\frac{z}{c}$	Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c}$	$\frac{z}{c}$	Tube no.	$\frac{x}{c}$	$\frac{z}{c}$
1	-0.100	-0.077	5	0.01	0.028	15	0.896	-0.006
2	-.116	-.067	6	.04	.053	16	.796	-.010
3	-.106	-.040	7	.10	.078	17	.693	-.017
4	-.036	-.024	8	.20	.103	18	.596	-.021
			9	.35	.112	19	.396	-.033
			10	.50	.105	20	.196	-.040
			11	.65	.084	21	.096	-.040
			12	.75	.066	22	.036	-.029
			13	.796	.061			
			14	.896	.036			

Figure 7. - Chordwise location of pressure orifices at wingtip.
Dimensions are in centimeters (inches)

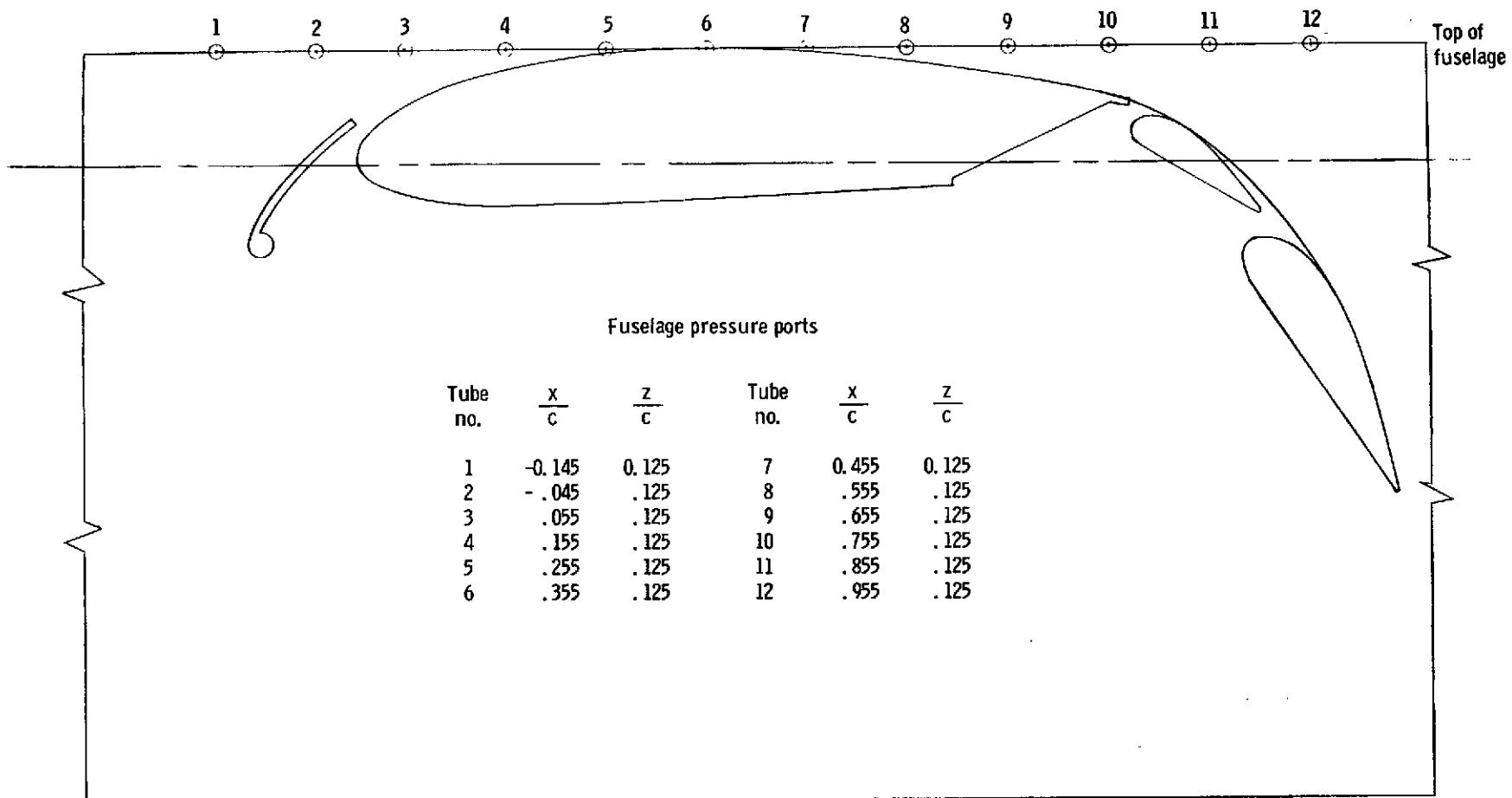
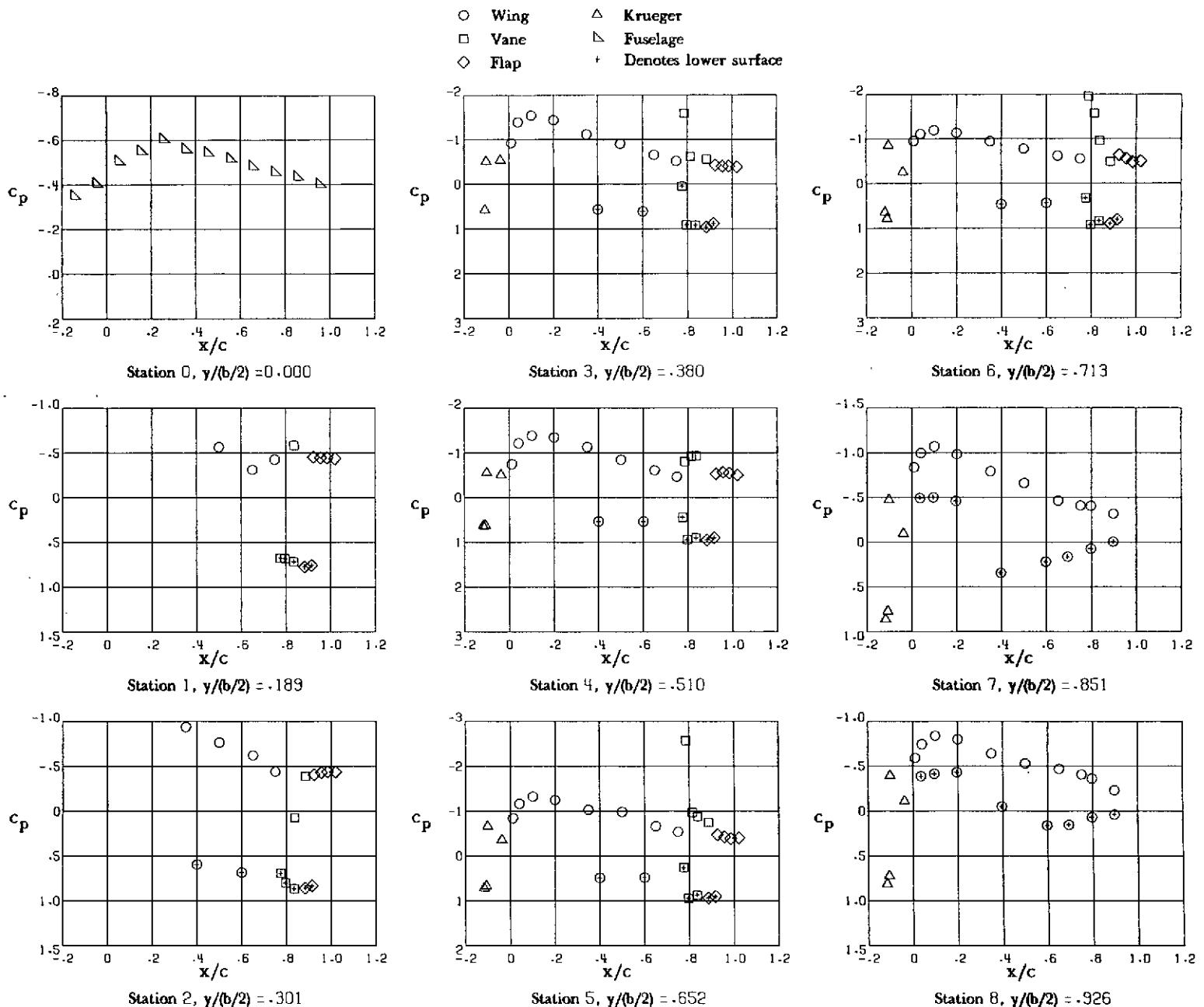
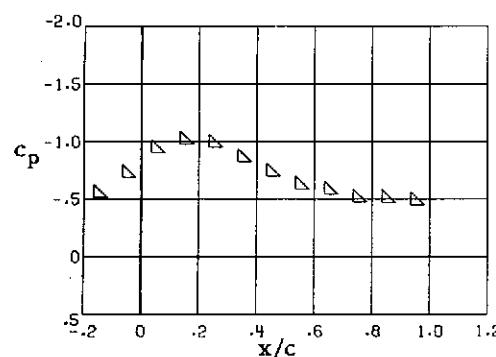
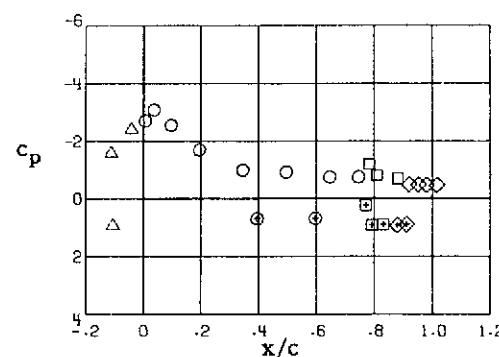


Figure 8. - Chordwise location of pressure orifices on fuselage.

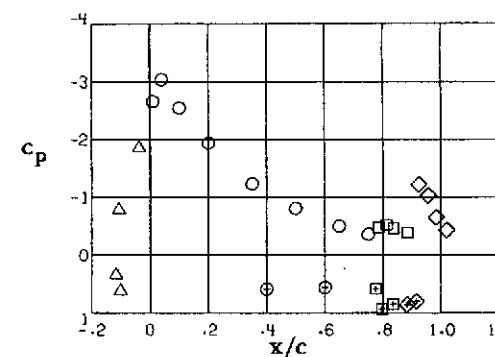




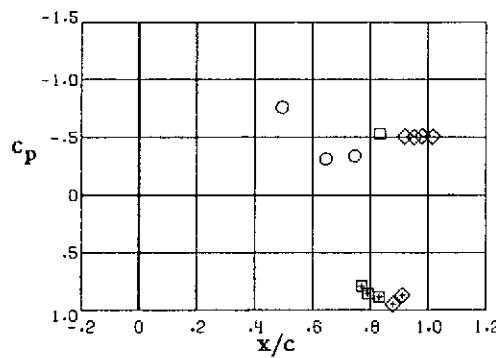
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



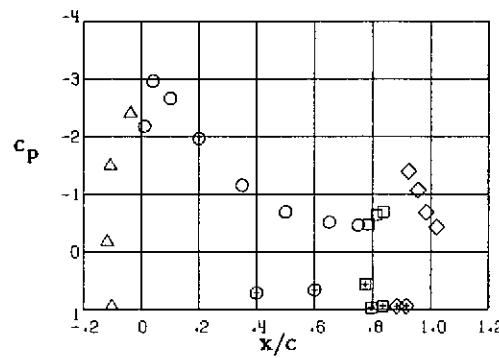
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



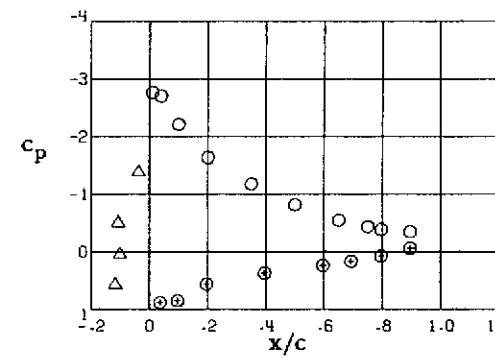
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



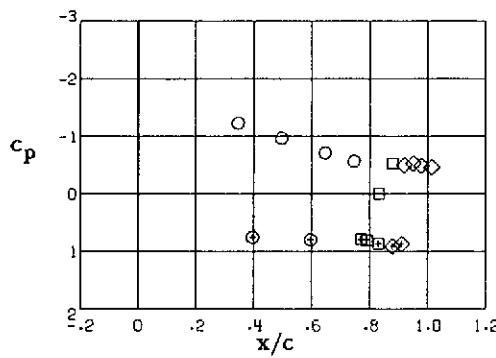
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



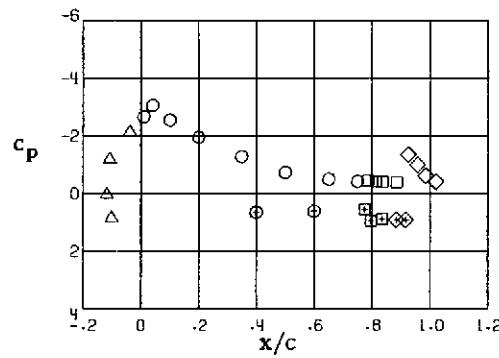
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



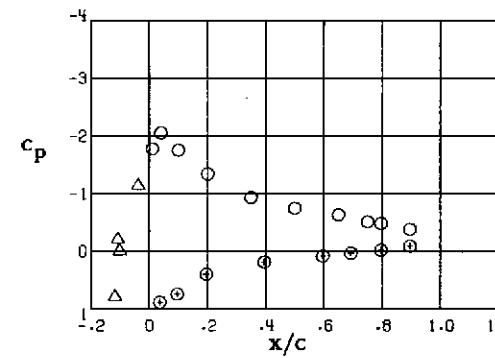
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

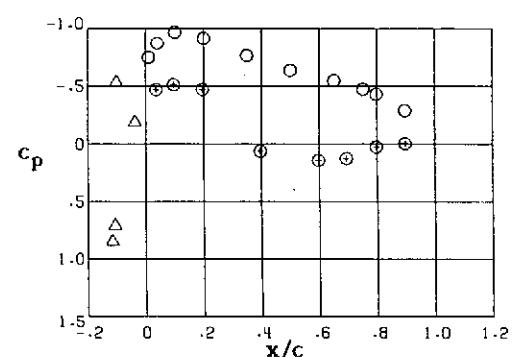
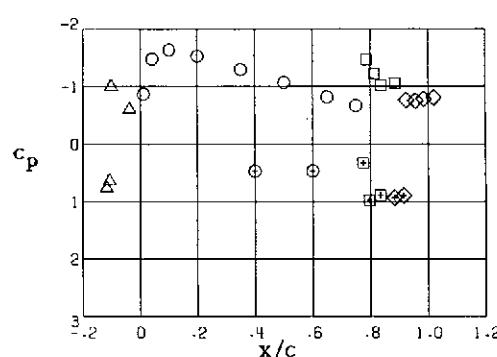
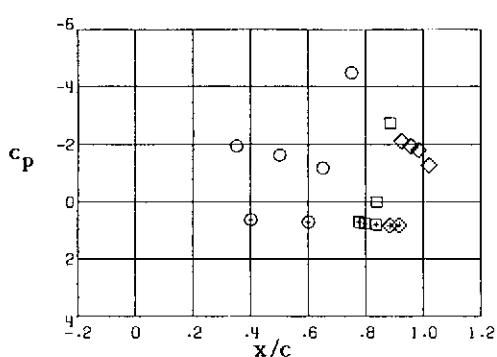
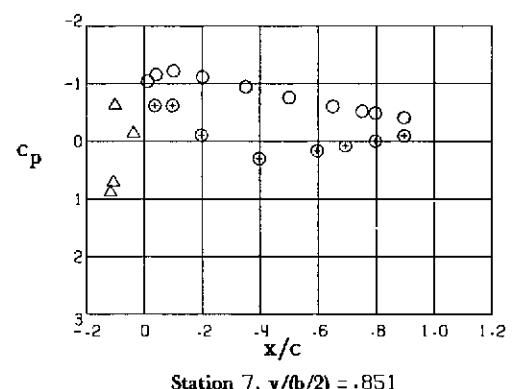
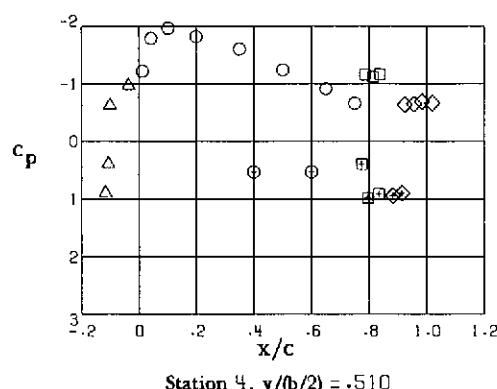
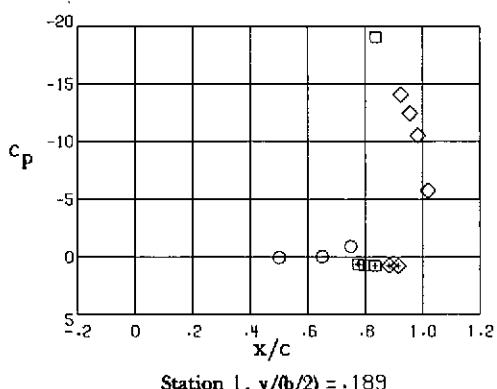
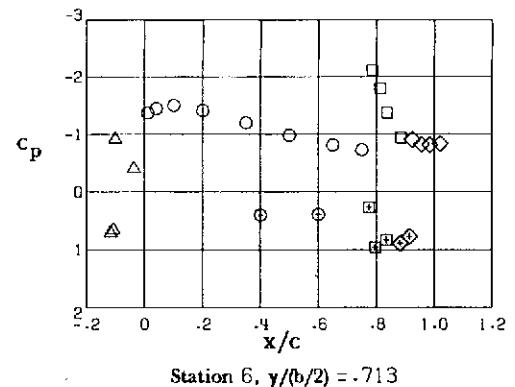
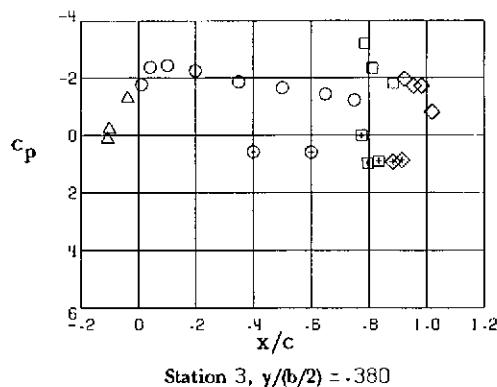
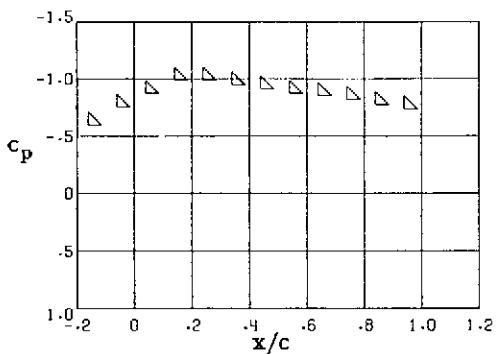


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

(B) ALPHAS = 16 DEG.

FIGURE 9-- CONCLUDED.

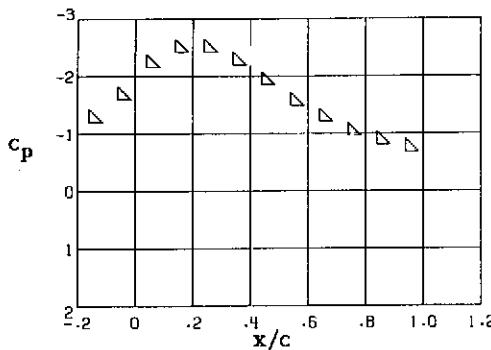
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



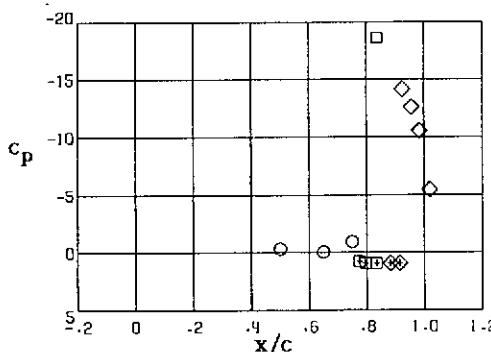
(B) $\text{ALPHA} = 1 \text{ DEG.}$

Figure 10. - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL. $C_{UL} = 0.925$, $C_{UR} = 0.925$.

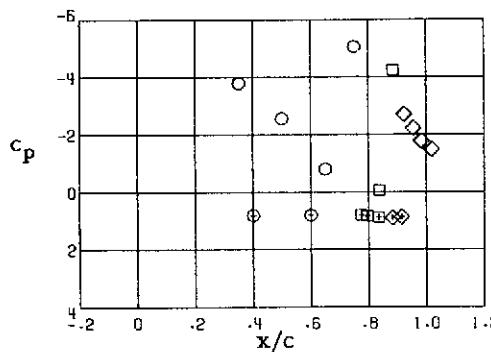
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



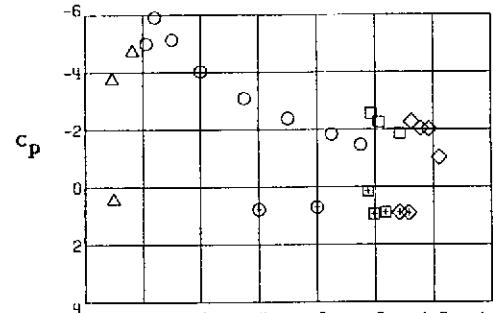
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



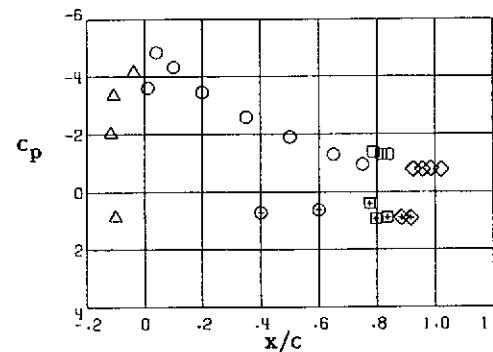
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = 0.189$



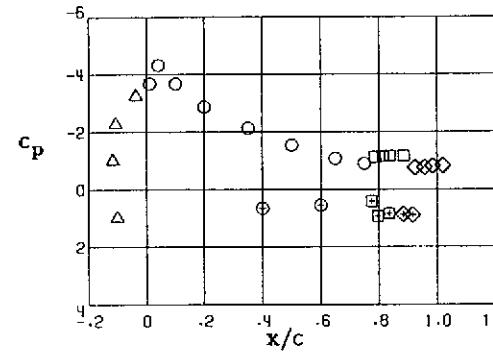
Station 2, $y/(b/2) = 0.301$



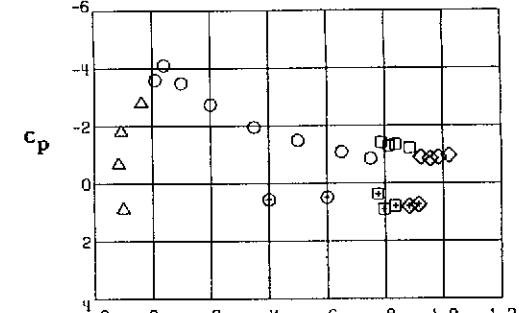
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = 0.380$



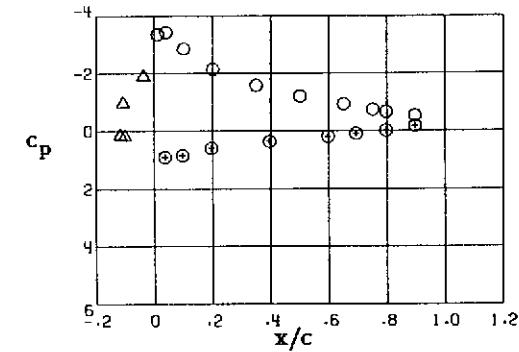
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = 0.510$



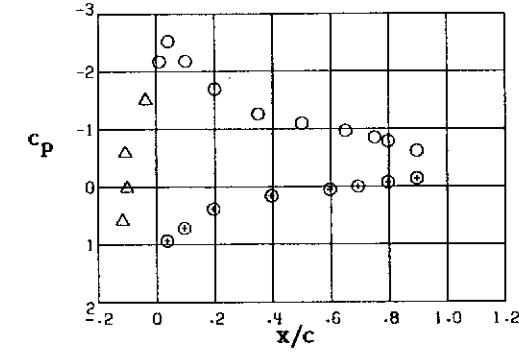
Station 5, $y/(b/2) = 0.652$



Station 6, $y/(b/2) = 0.713$



Station 7, $y/(b/2) = 0.851$

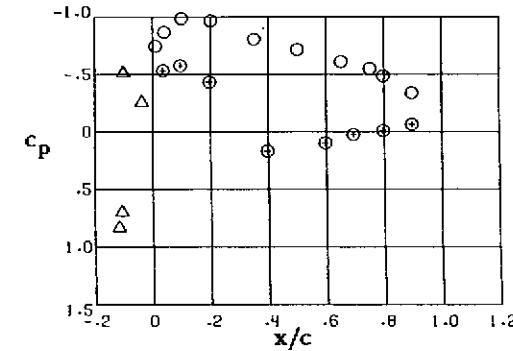
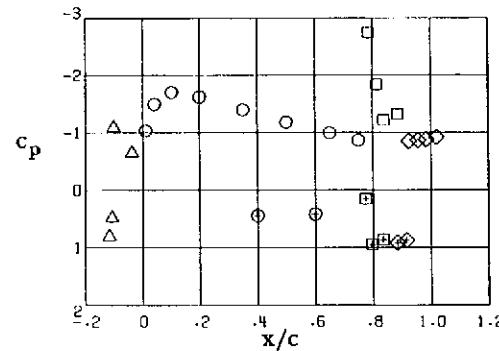
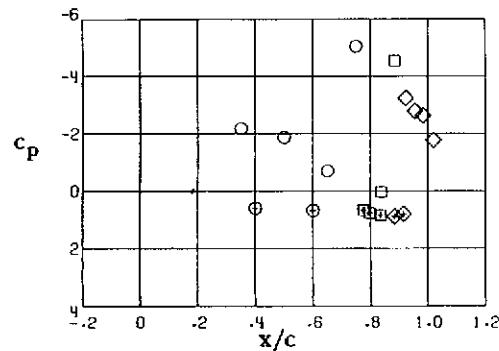
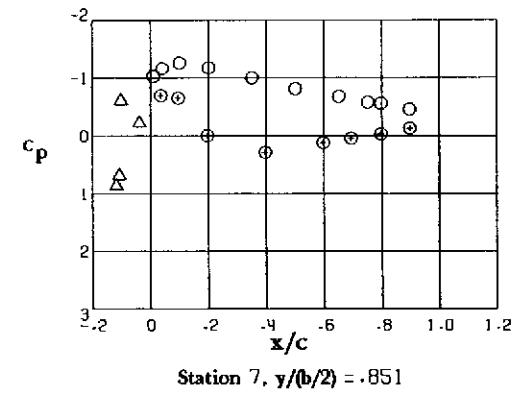
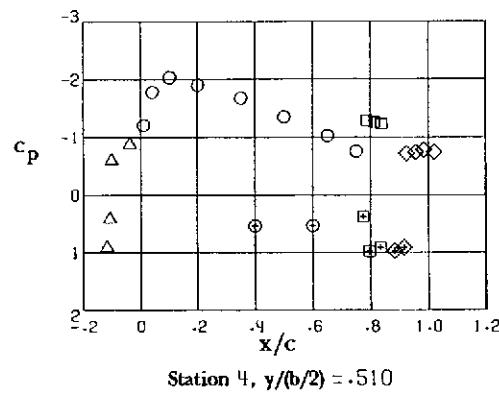
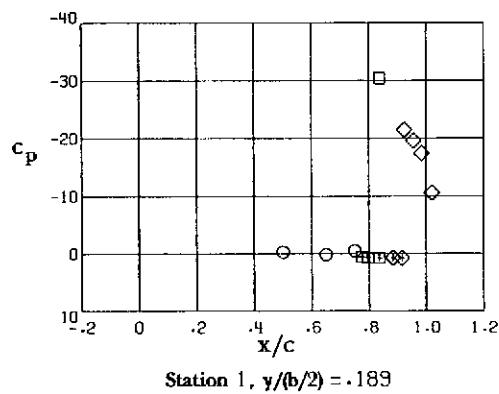
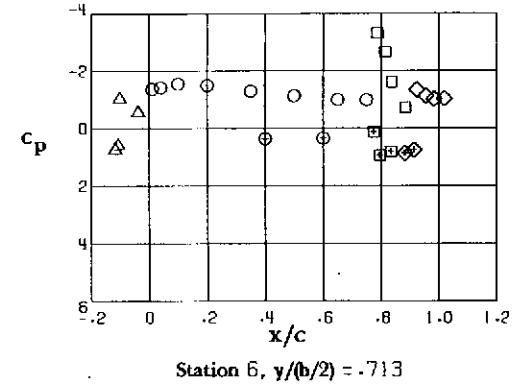
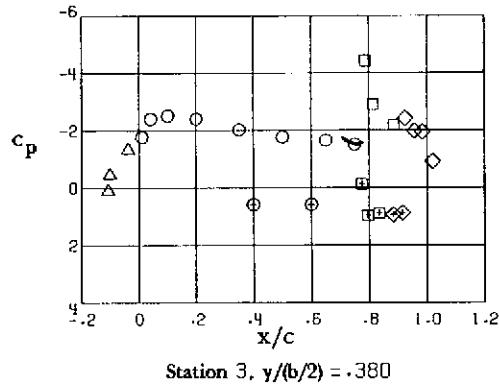
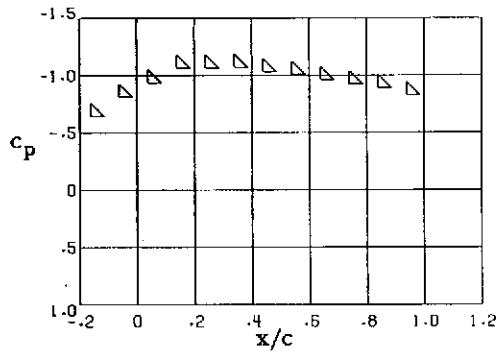


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = 0.926$

(B) ALPH_A = 16 DEG.

Figure 10. - CONCLUDED.

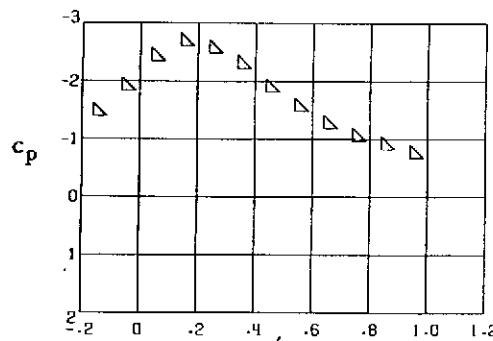
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



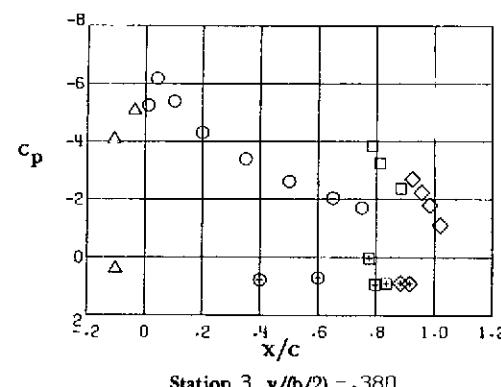
(A) $\text{ALPHA} = 1 \text{ DEG.}$

Figure II - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL. $C_{UL} = 1.85, C_{UR} = 1.85.$

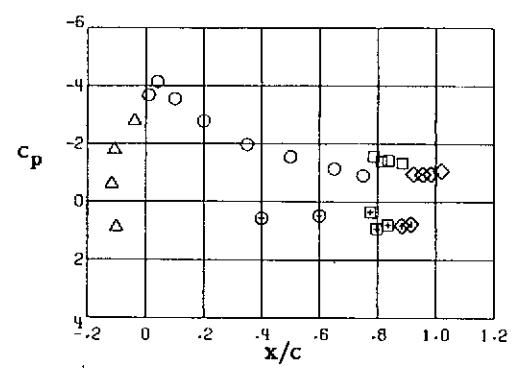
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



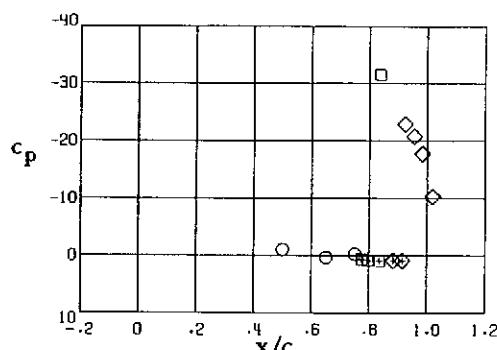
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



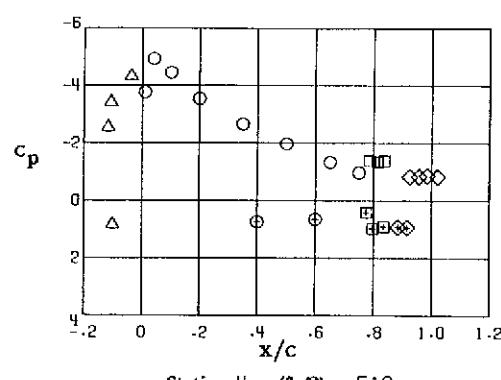
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



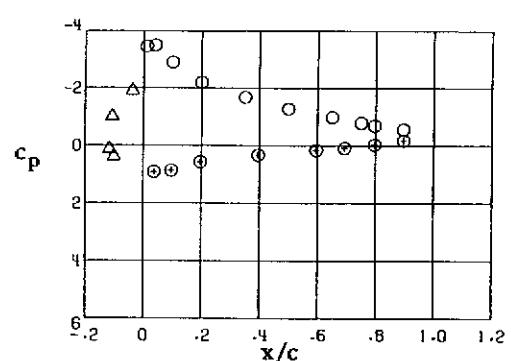
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



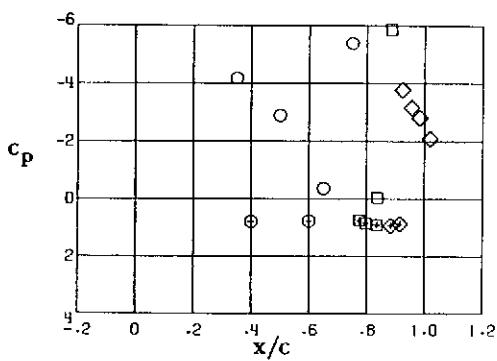
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



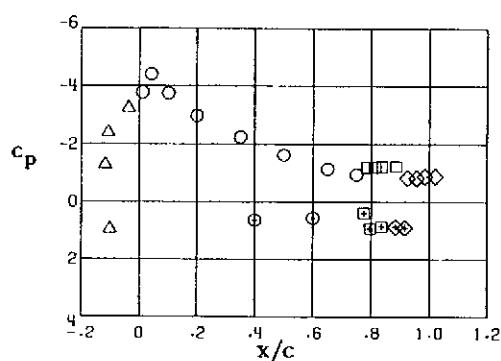
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



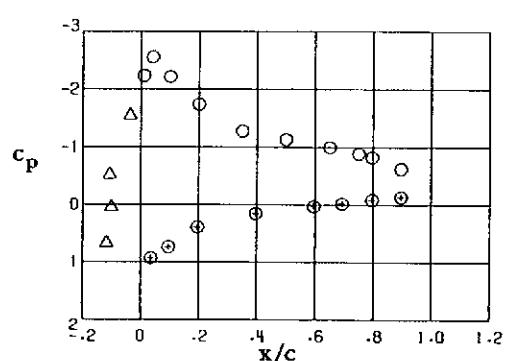
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

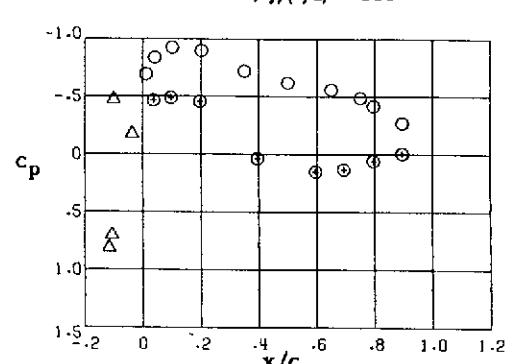
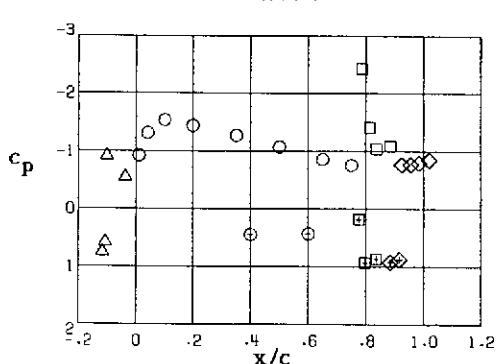
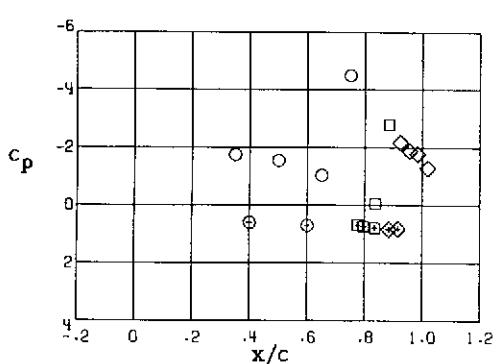
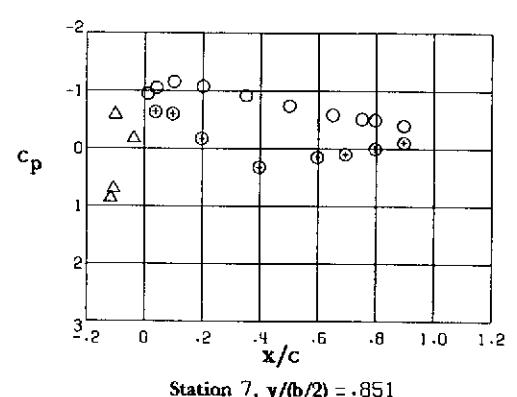
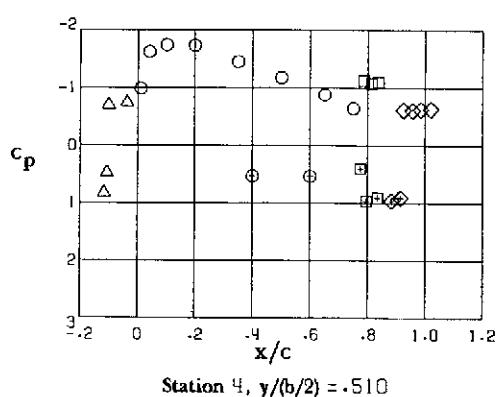
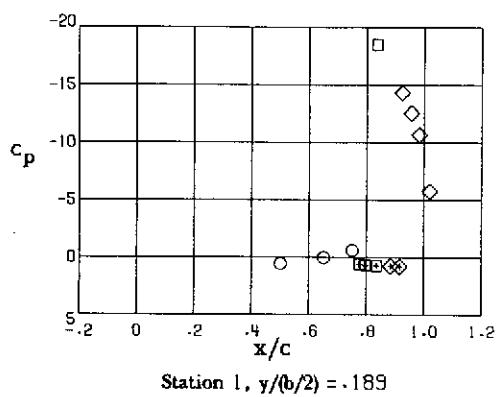
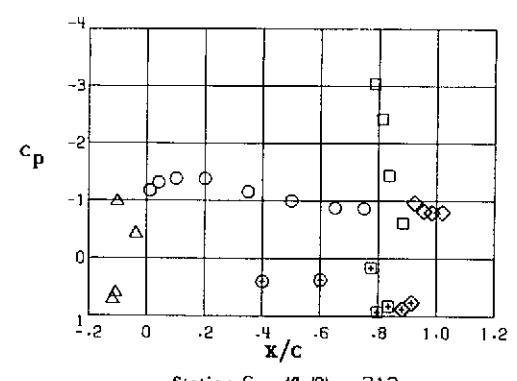
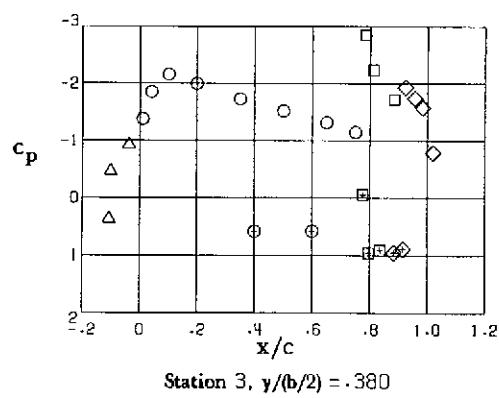
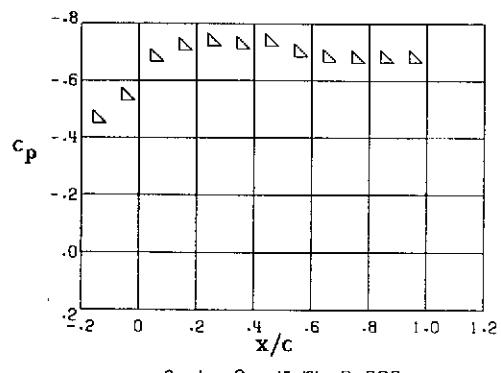


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

(B) ALPH_A = 16 DEG.

Figure 11. CONCLUDED.

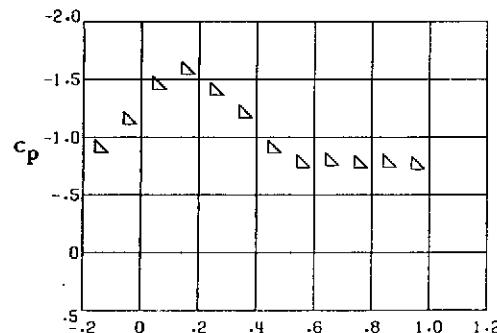
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



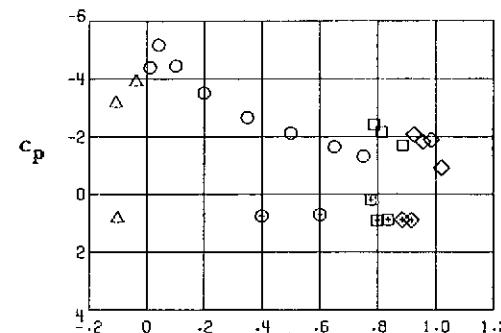
(A) ALPH_A = 1 DEG.

Figure 12.- PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL. $C_{\mu L} = 0.925$, $C_{\mu R} = 0$.

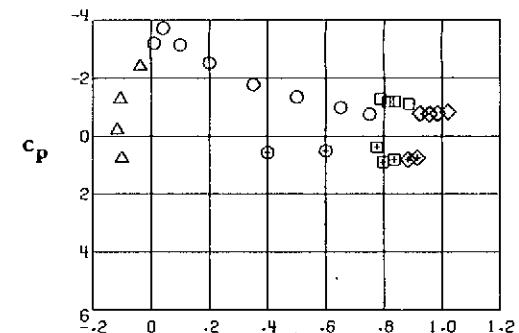
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



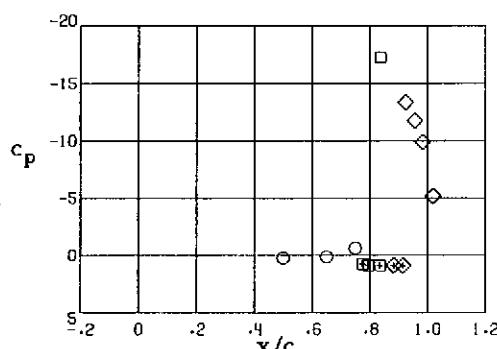
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



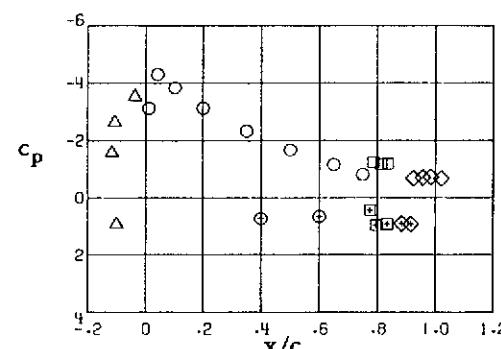
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



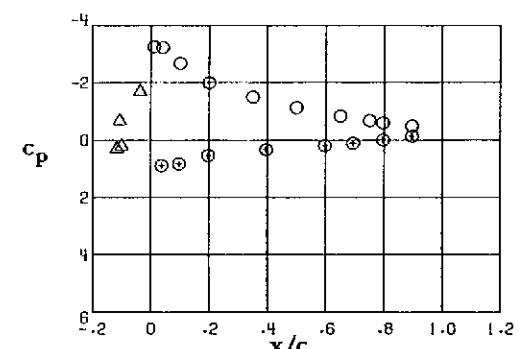
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



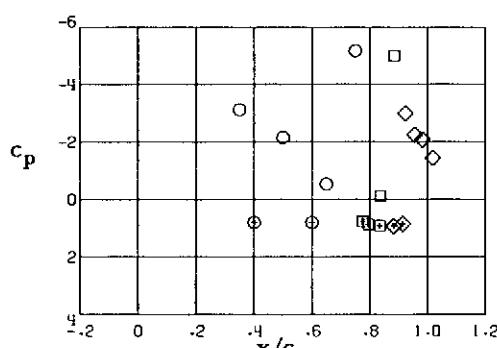
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



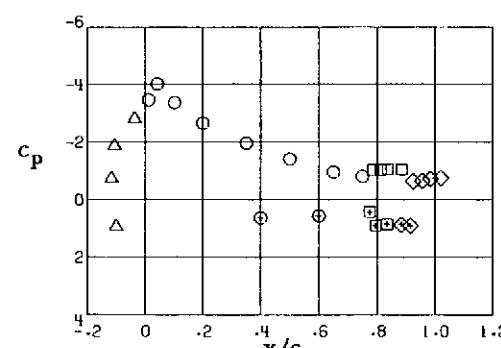
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



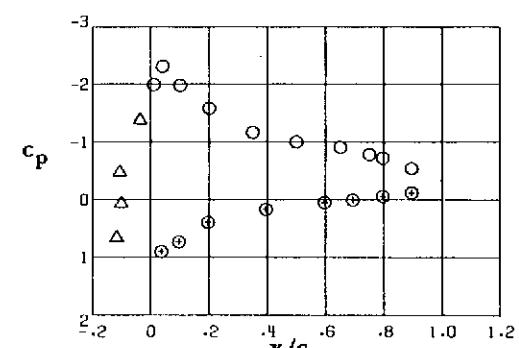
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

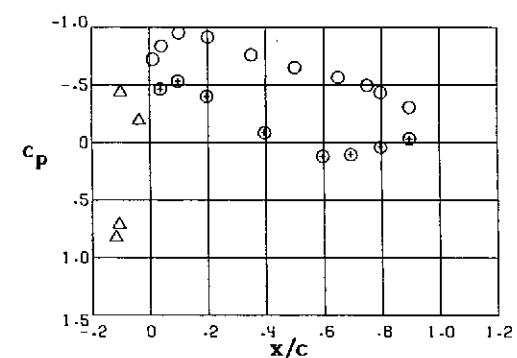
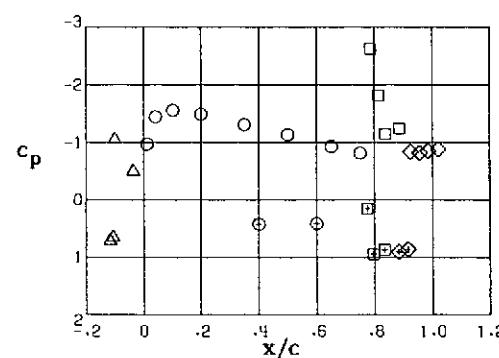
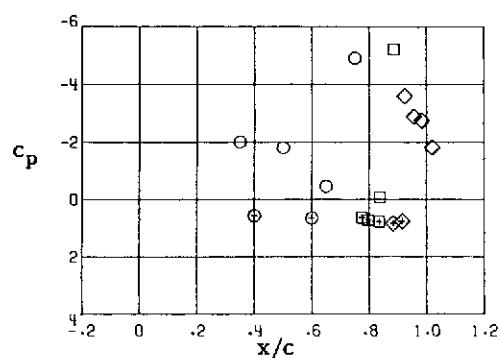
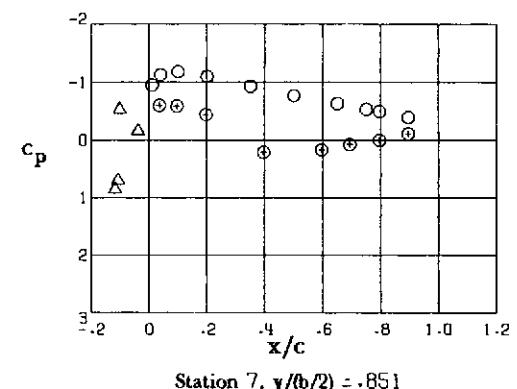
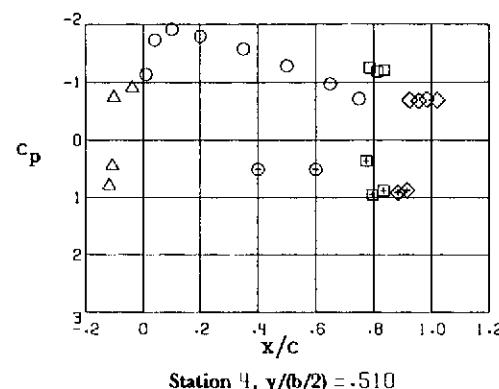
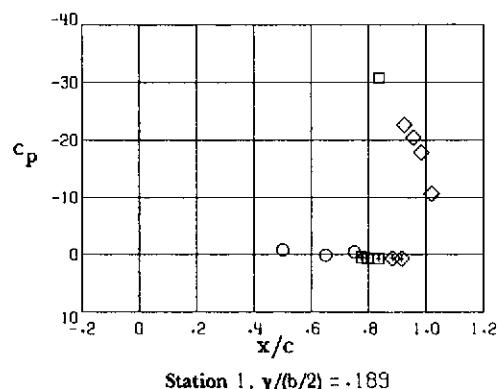
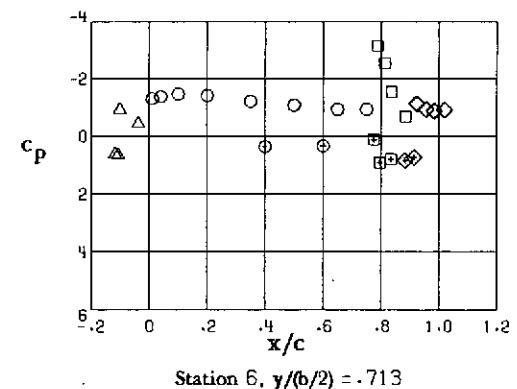
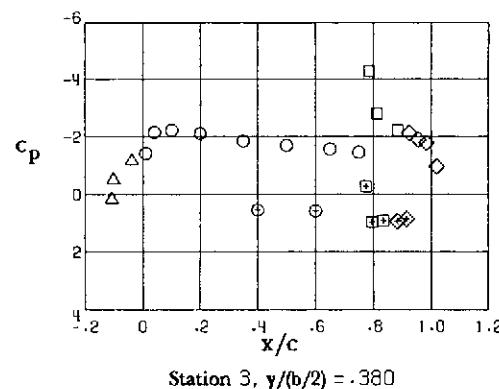
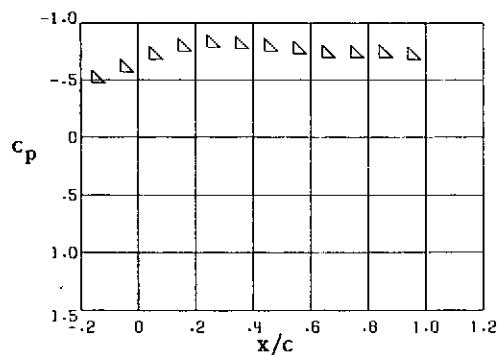


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

181 ALPHAS = 16 DEG.

Figure 12. CONCLUDED.

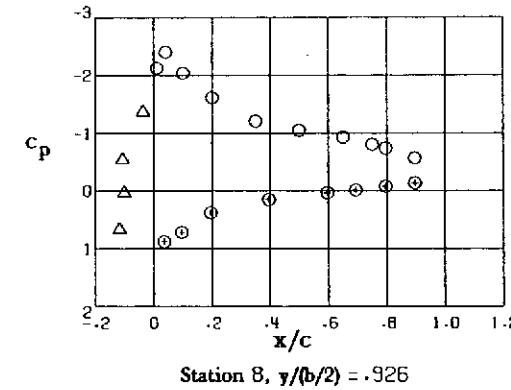
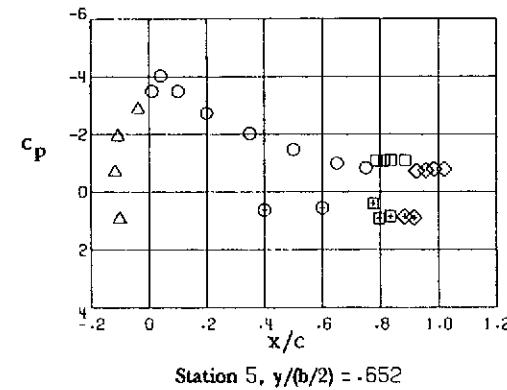
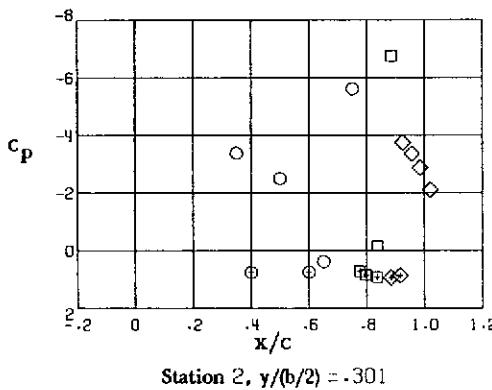
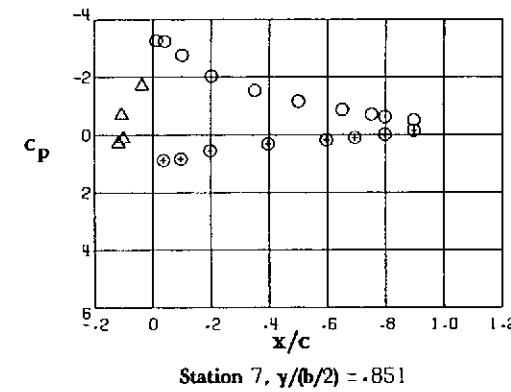
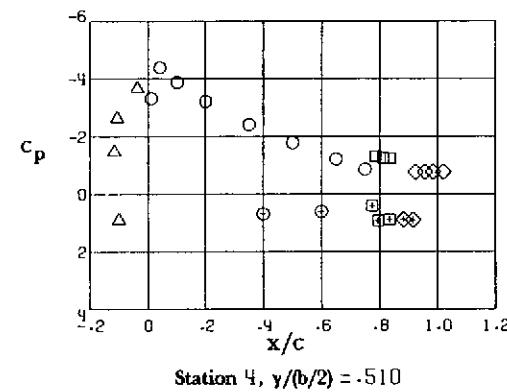
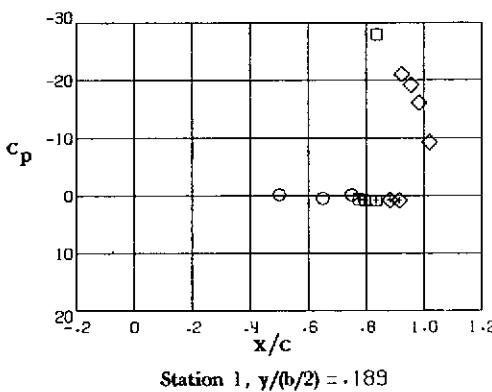
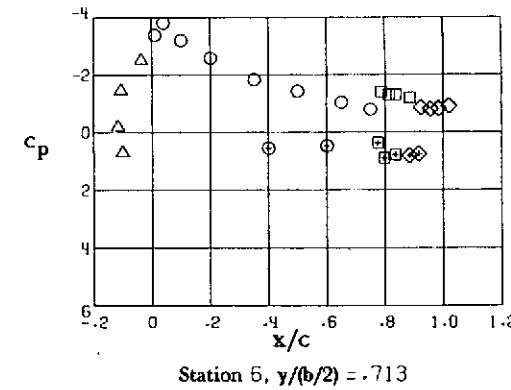
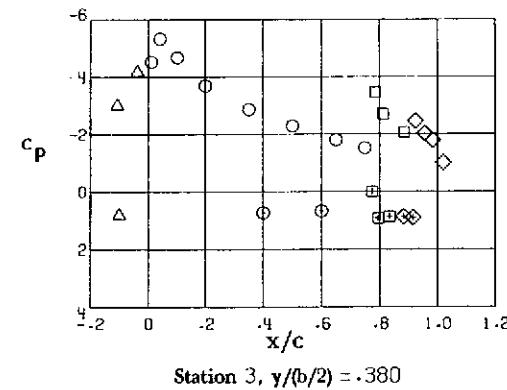
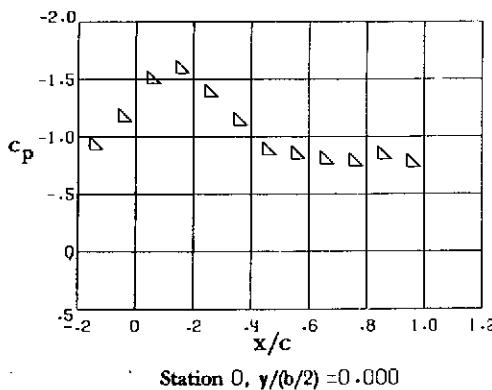
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



(a) $\text{ALPHA} = 1 \text{ DEG.}$

Figure 13. - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL. $C_{UL} = 1.05, C_{UR} = 0$.

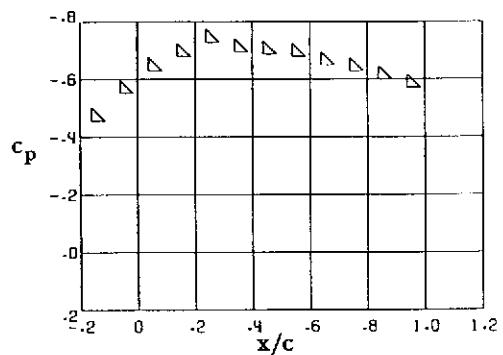
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



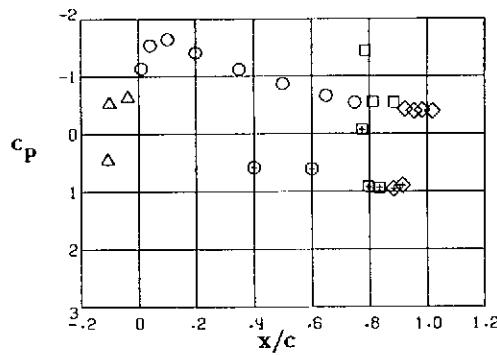
(B) ALPHA = 10 DEG.

Figure 13. - CONCLUDED.

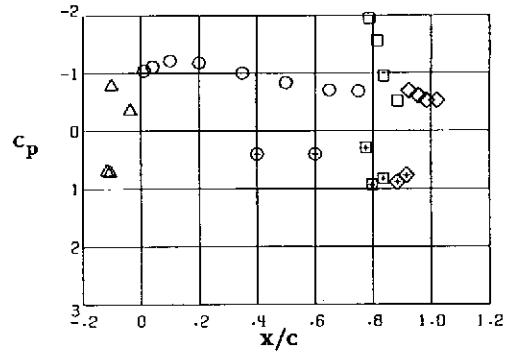
○ Wing
 □ Vane
 ◇ Flap
 △ Krueger
 ▽ Fuselage
 + Denotes lower surface



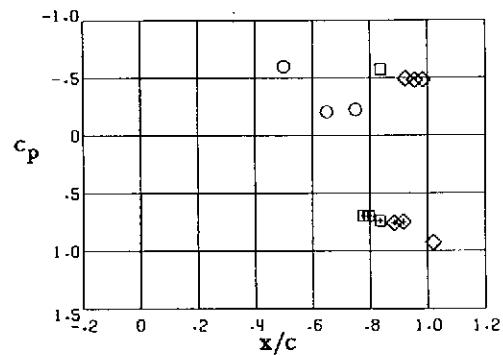
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



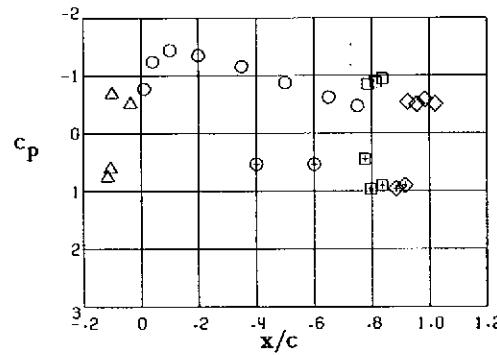
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



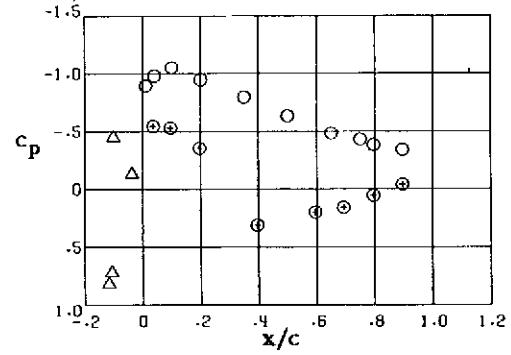
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



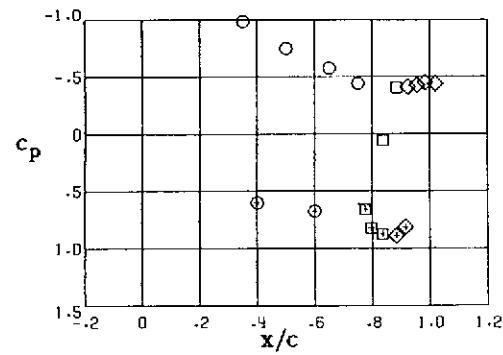
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



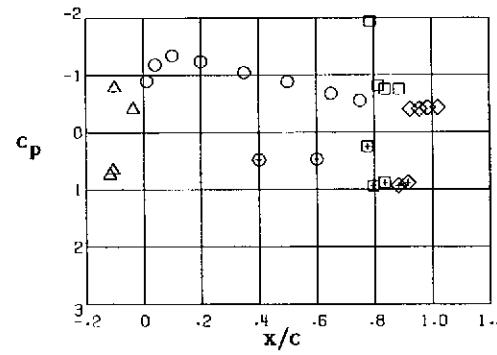
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



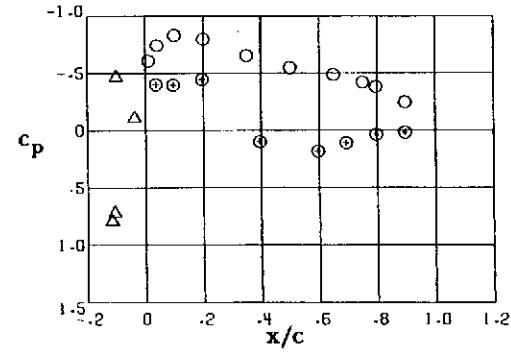
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$



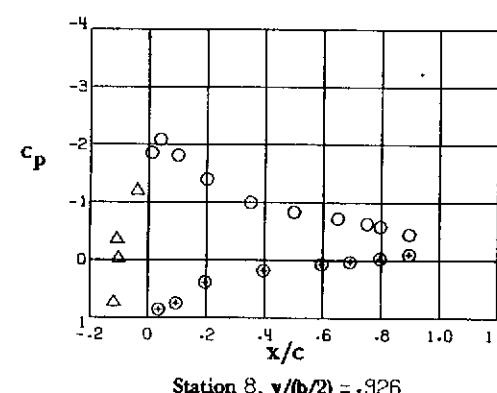
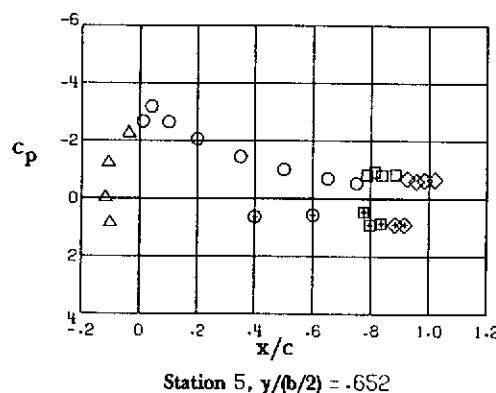
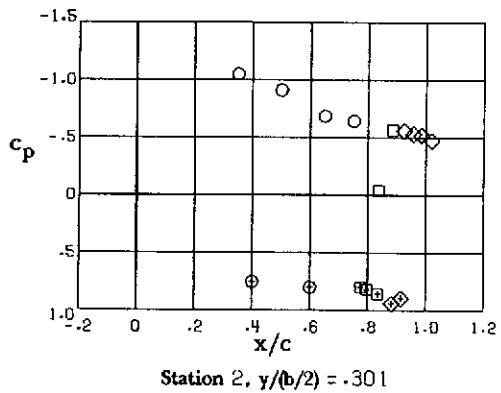
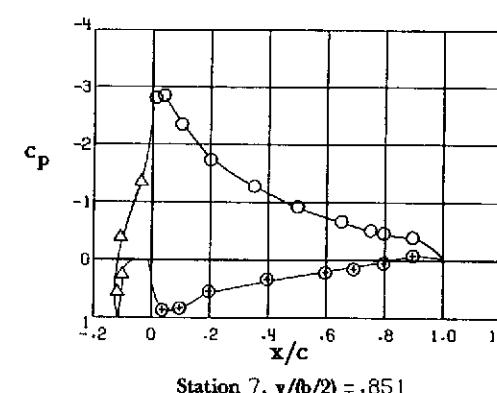
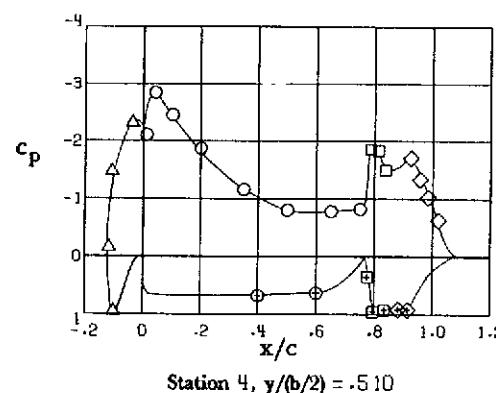
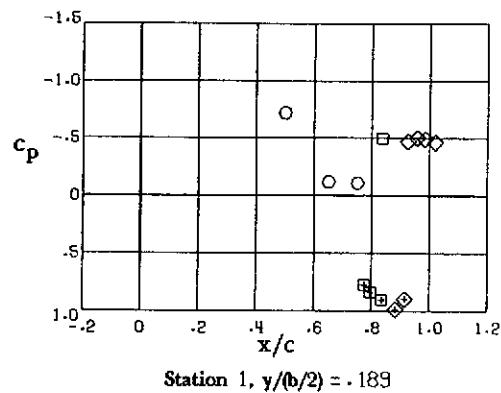
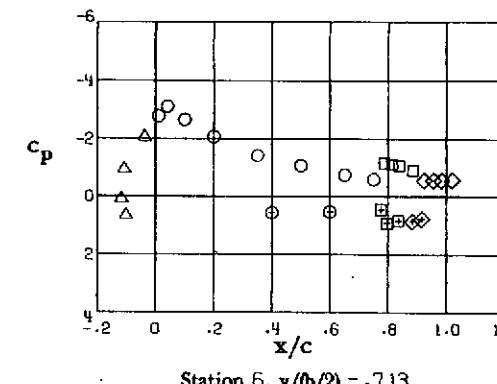
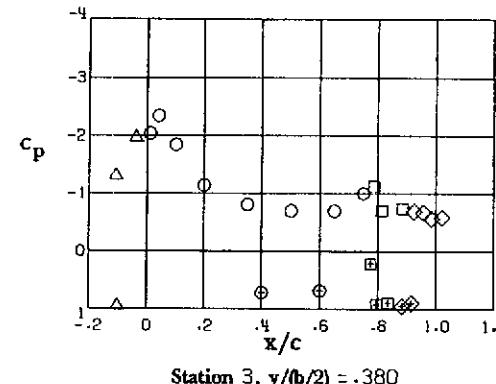
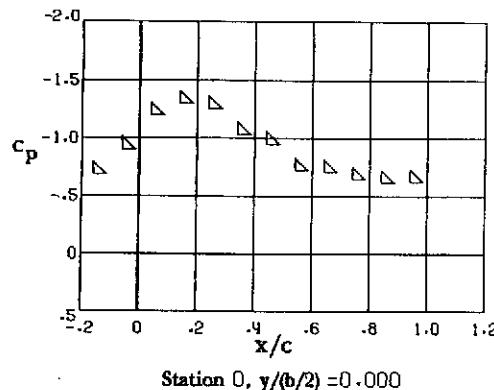
Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

(A) $\text{ALPHA} = 1 \text{ DEG.}$

Figure 14. - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL. $C_{uL} = 0, C_{uR} = 0.95.$

2
2

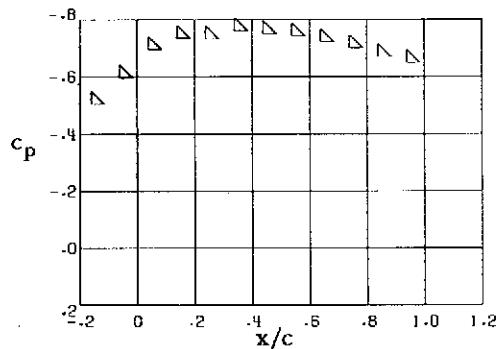
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



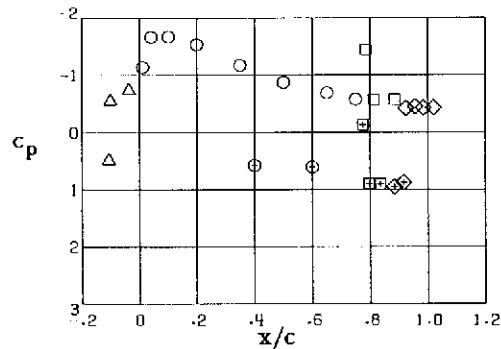
(B) ALPH_A = 16 DEG.

FIGURE 14-- CONCLUDED.

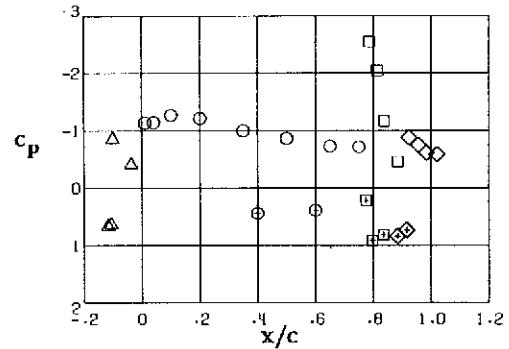
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



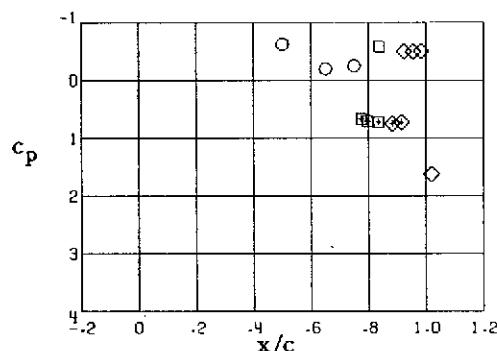
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



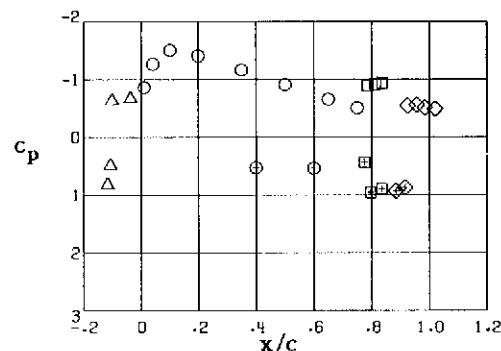
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



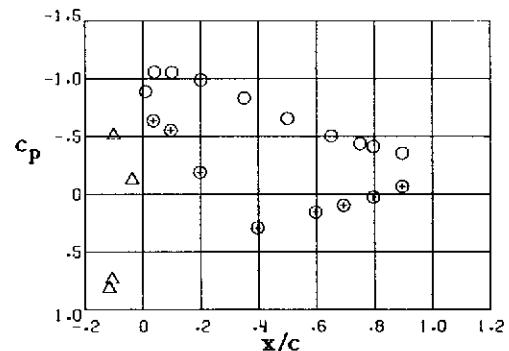
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



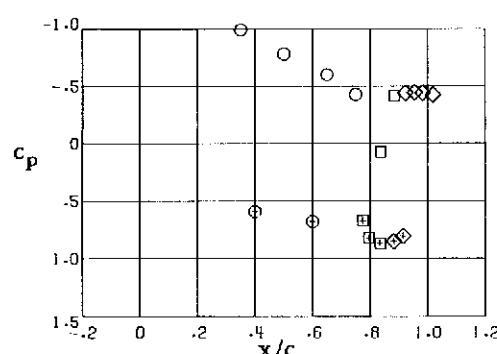
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = 1.189$



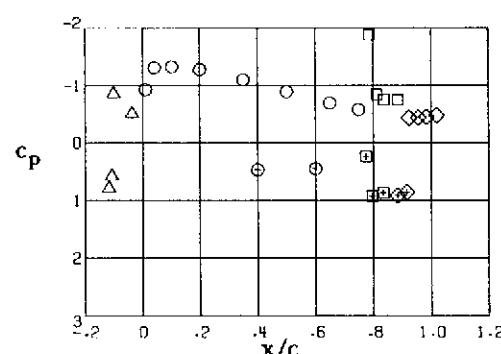
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



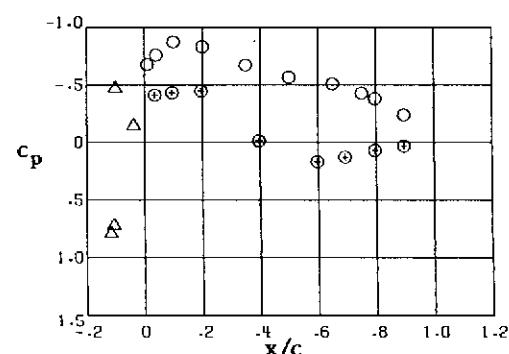
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

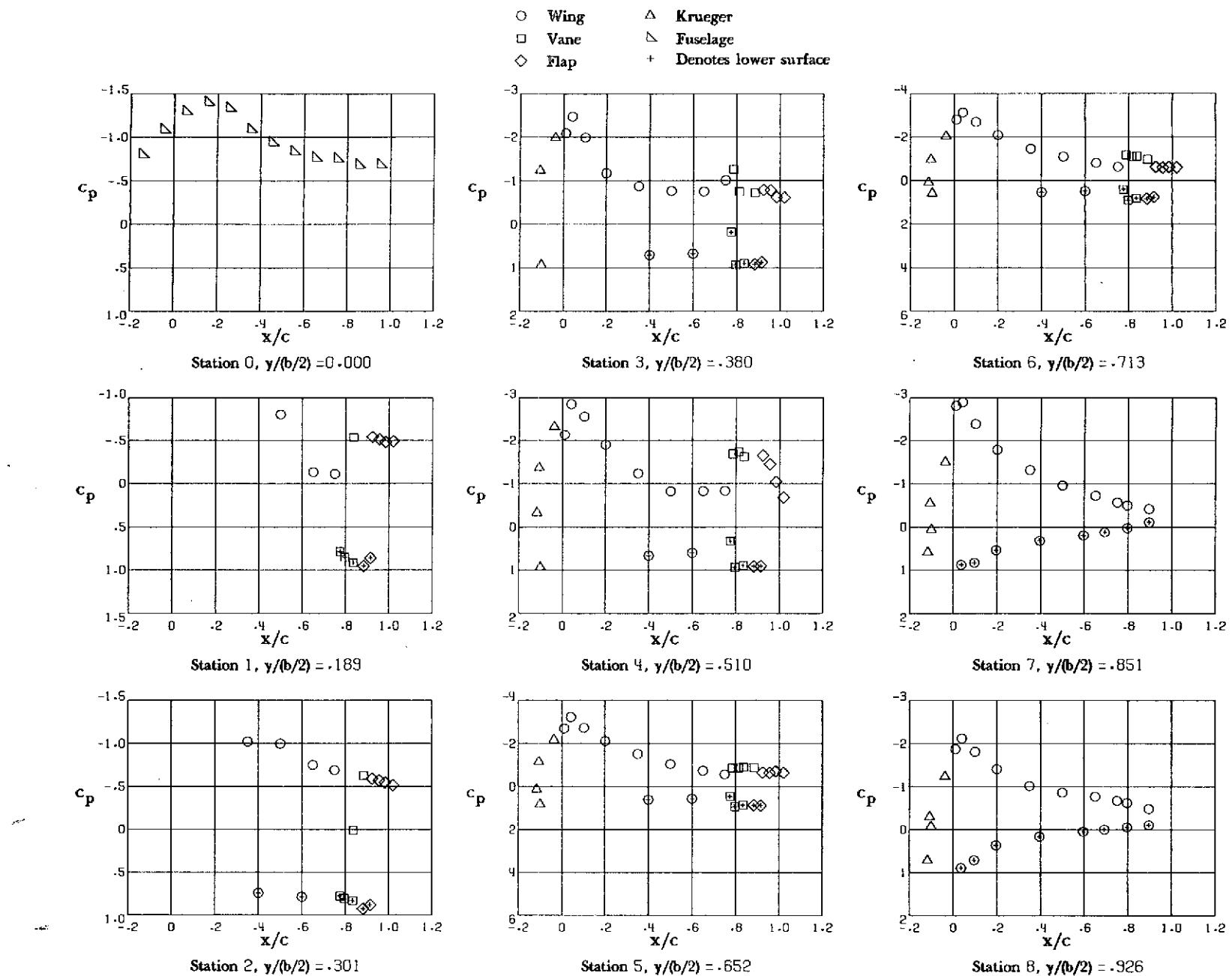


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

101 ALPHAS = 1 DEG.

Figure 15. - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL. $C_{UL} = 0$, $C_{UR} = 1.05$.

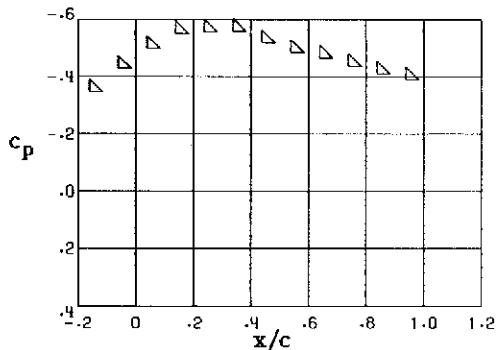
68



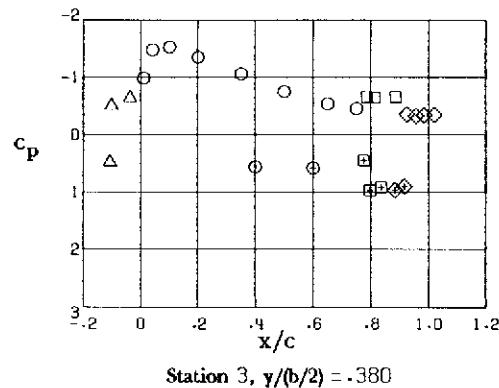
(B1) ALPHA = 16 DEG.

Figure 15. - CONCLUDED.

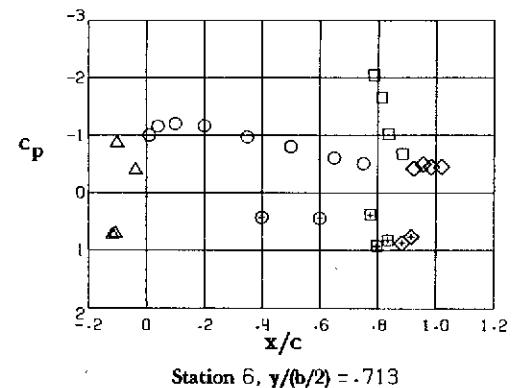
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



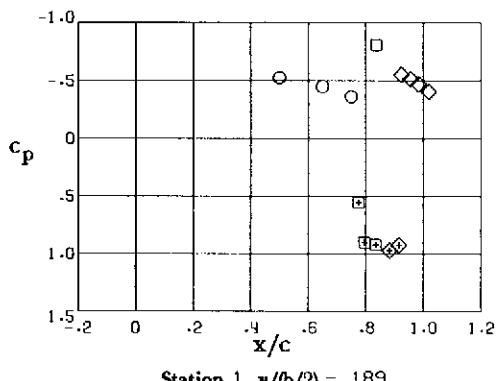
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



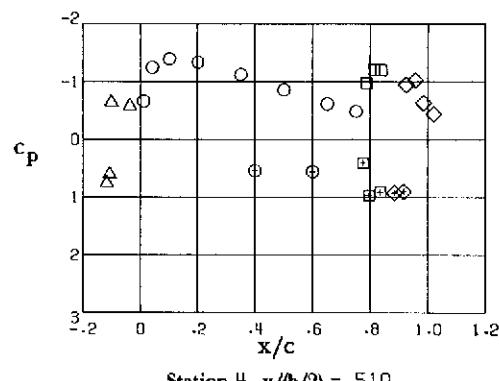
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



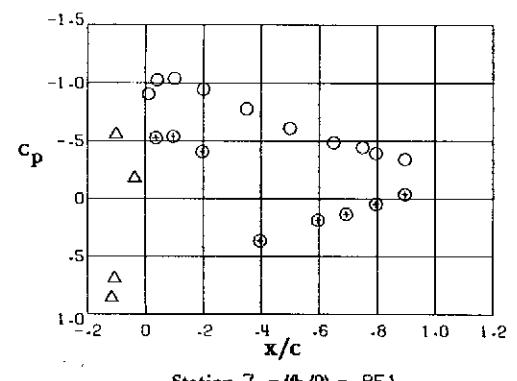
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



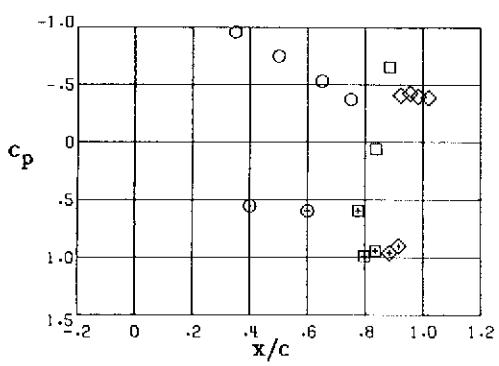
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = -.189$



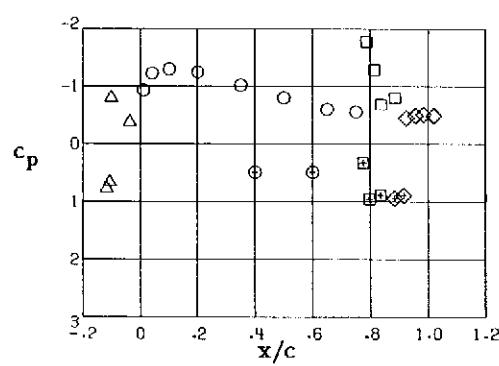
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



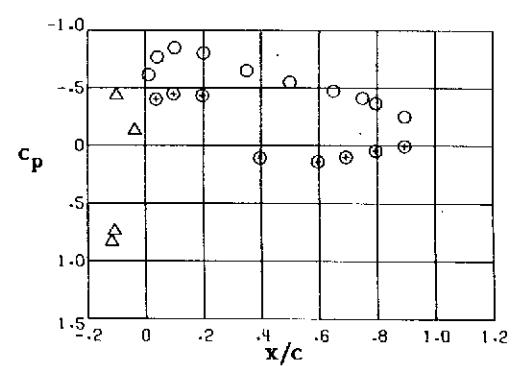
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = -.301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

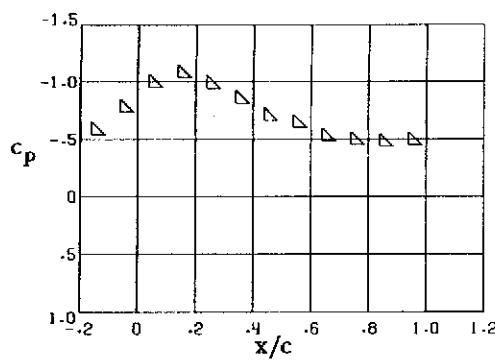


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

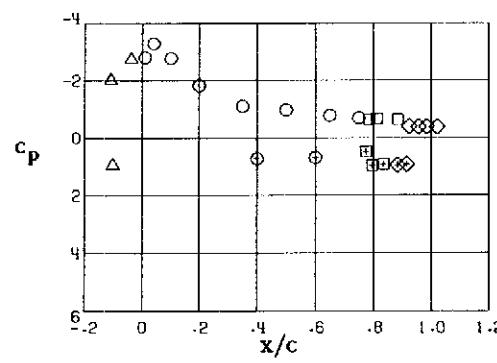
(A) $\text{ALPHA} = 1 \text{ DEG.}$

Figure 16 - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL WITH METAL FLAP BEHIND THE LEFT ENGINE REMOVED. $C_{uL} = 0, C_{uR} = 0.$

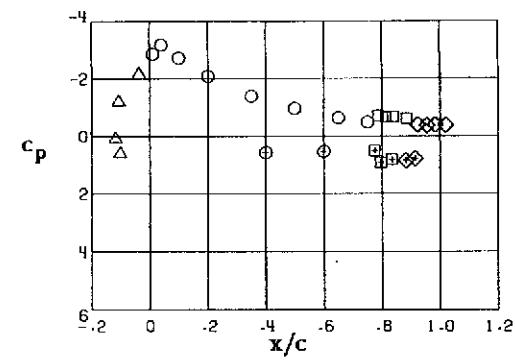
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane △ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



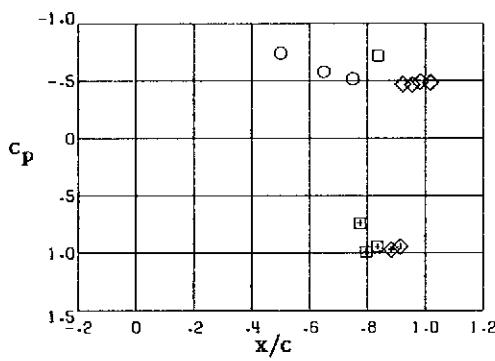
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



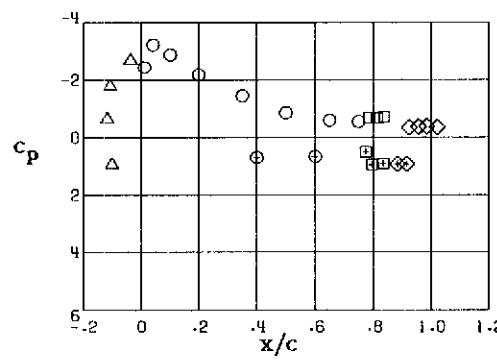
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



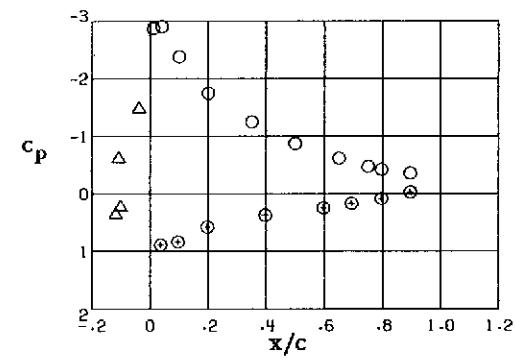
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



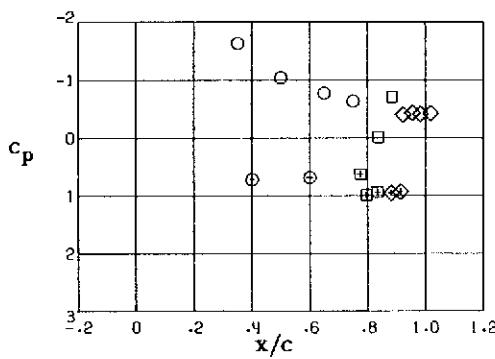
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



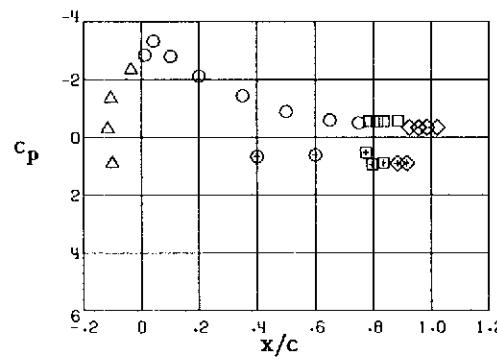
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



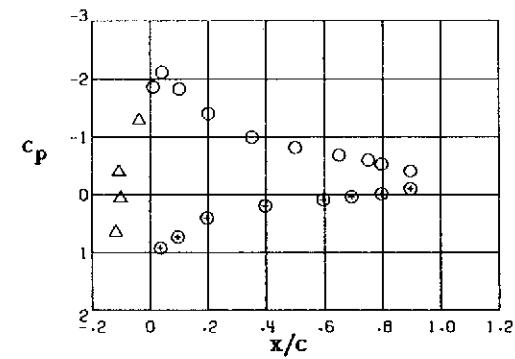
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

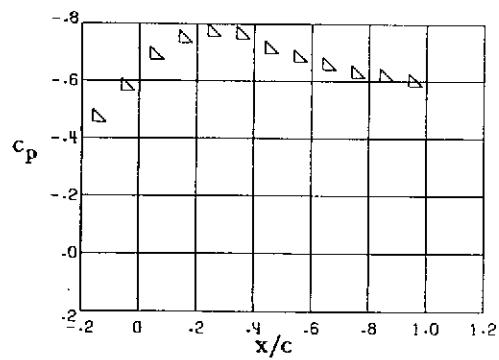


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

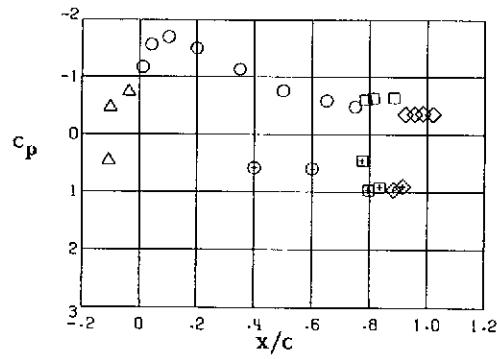
(B) ALPHA = 16 DEG.

Figure 16 - CONCLUDED.

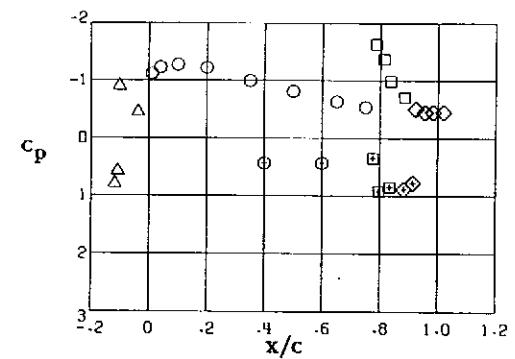
○ Wing
 □ Vane
 ◇ Flap
 △ Krueger
 ▽ Fuselage
 + Denotes lower surface



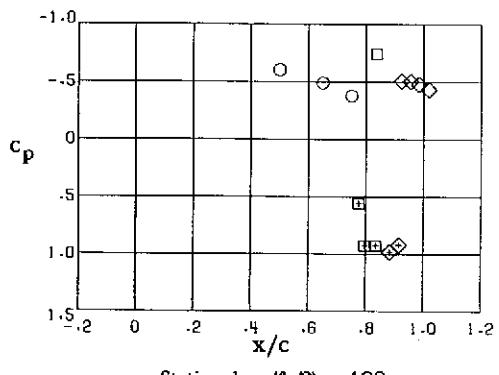
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



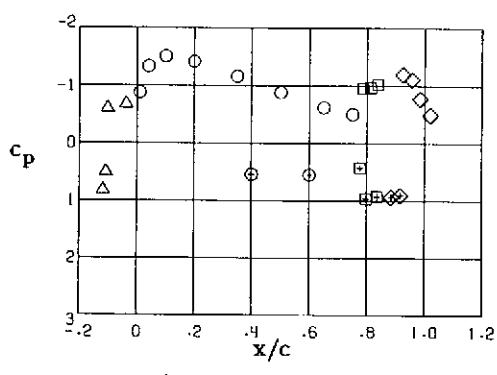
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



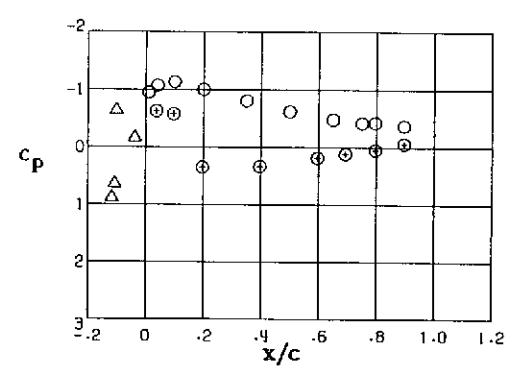
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



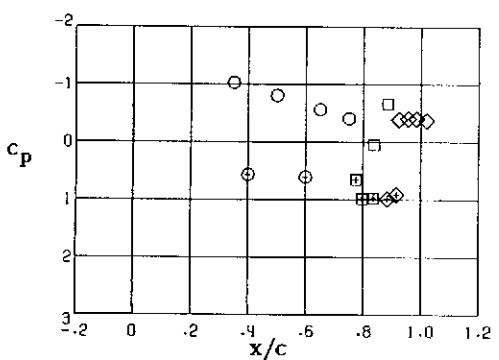
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



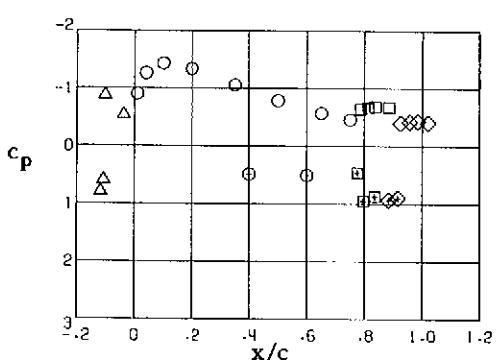
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



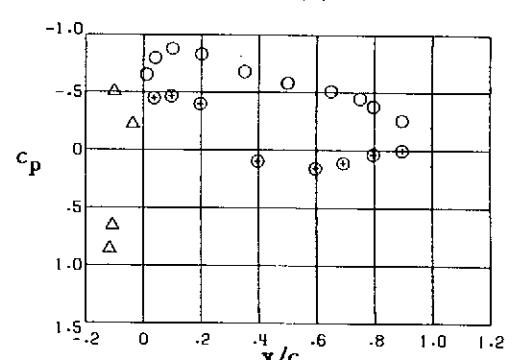
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$

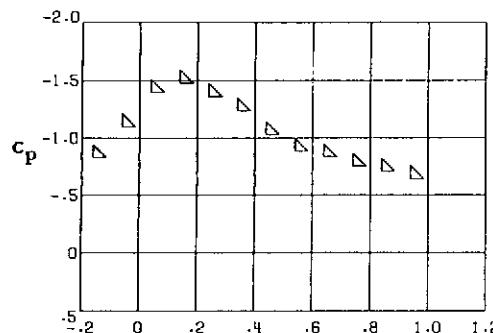


Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

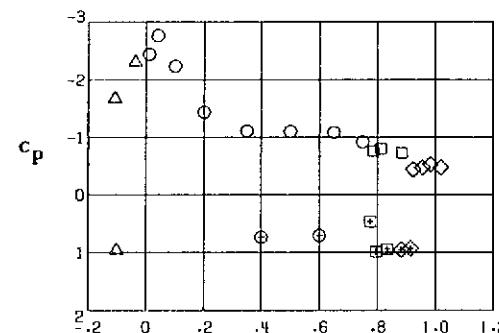
(A) $\text{ALPHA} = 1 \text{ DEG.}$

Figure 17. - PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL WITH METAL FLAP BEHIND THE LEFT ENGINE REMOVED. $C_{UL} = 0$, $C_{UR} = 0.925$.

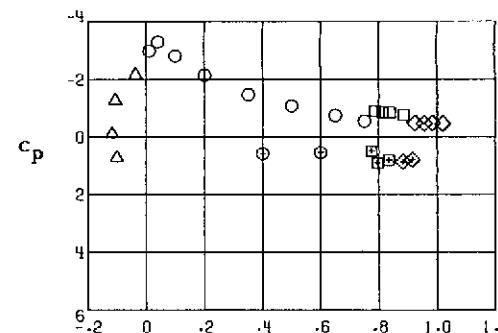
○ Wing △ Krueger
 □ Vane ▽ Fuselage
 ◇ Flap + Denotes lower surface



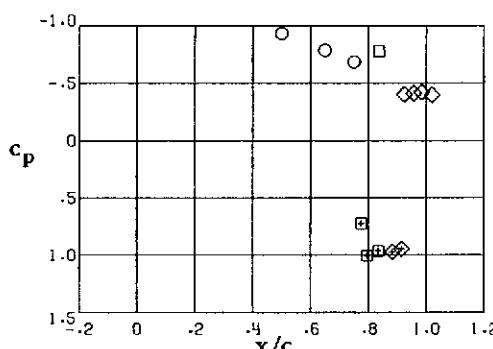
Station 0, $y/(b/2) = 0.000$



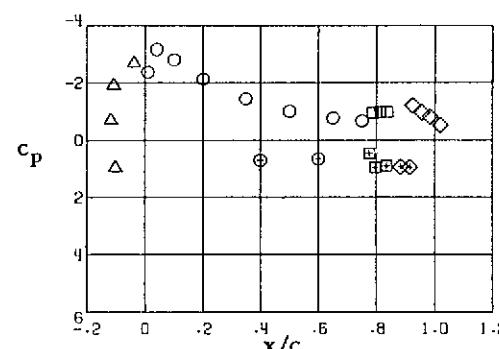
Station 3, $y/(b/2) = .380$



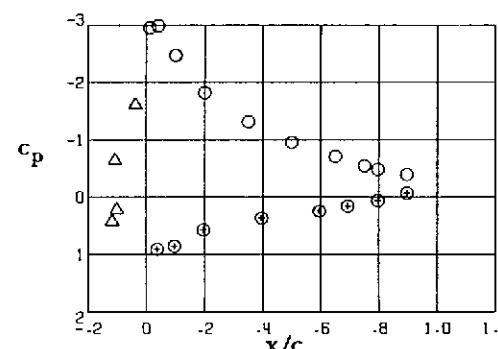
Station 6, $y/(b/2) = .713$



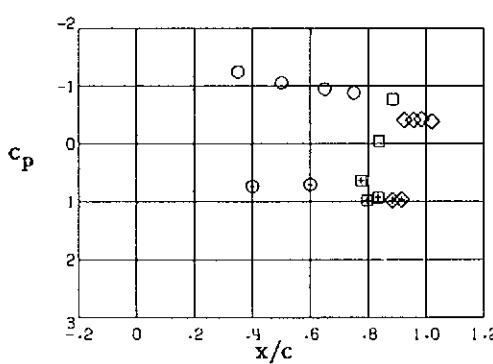
Station 1, $y/(b/2) = .189$



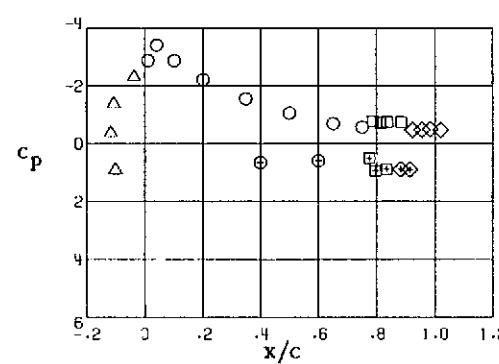
Station 4, $y/(b/2) = .510$



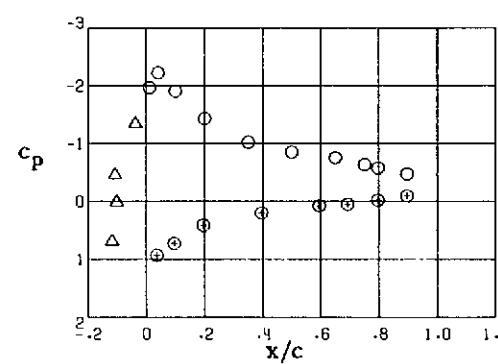
Station 7, $y/(b/2) = .851$



Station 2, $y/(b/2) = .301$



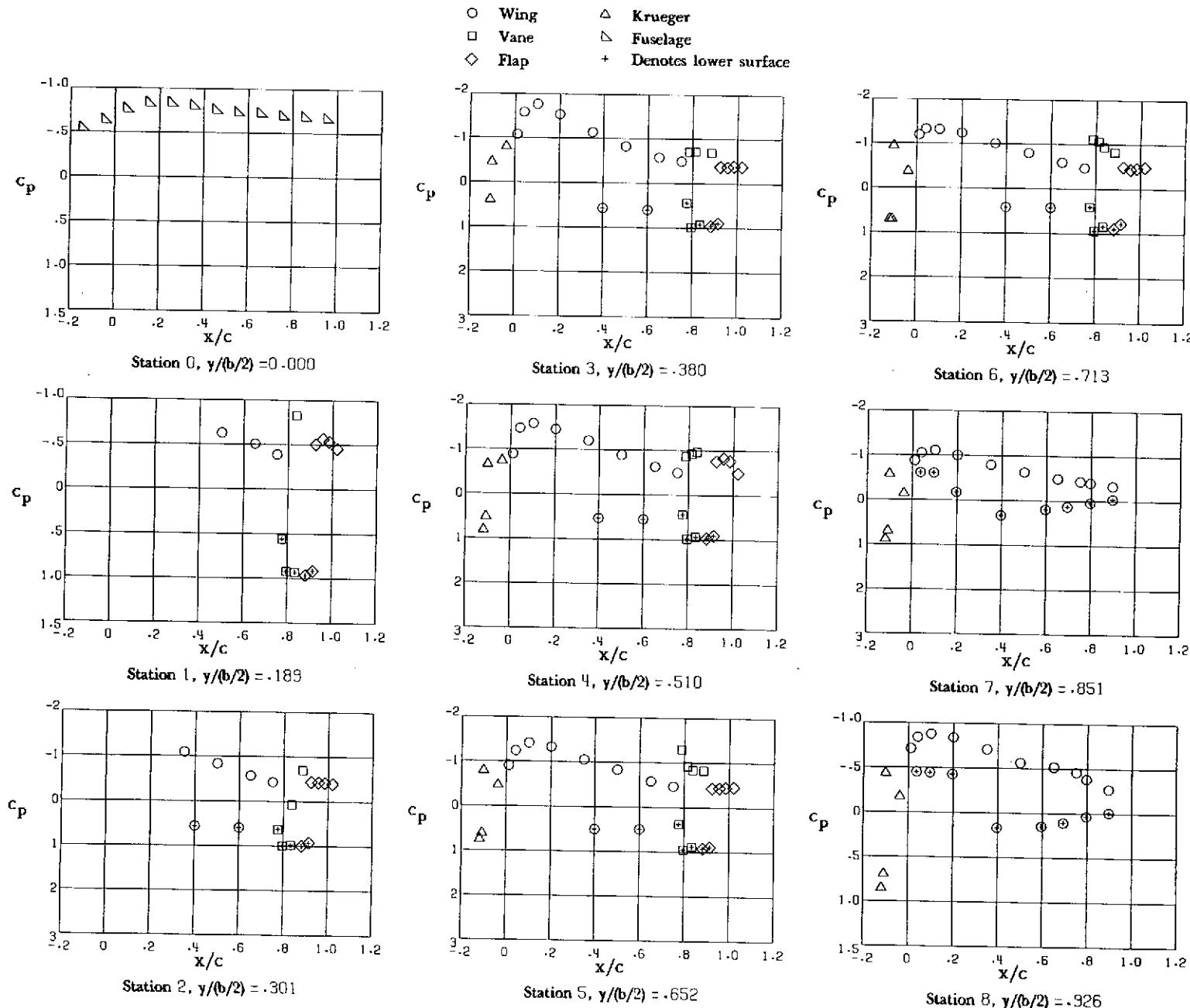
Station 5, $y/(b/2) = .652$



Station 8, $y/(b/2) = .926$

(B) $\text{ALPHA} = 16 \text{ DEC.}$

Figure 17. CONCLUDED.



181 ALPHA = 1 DEG.
 Figure 18. PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS ON WING AND FLAP OF MODEL WITH METAL FLAP BEHIND THE LEFT ENGINE REMOVED. $C_{UL} = 0$, $C_{UR} = 1.85$.

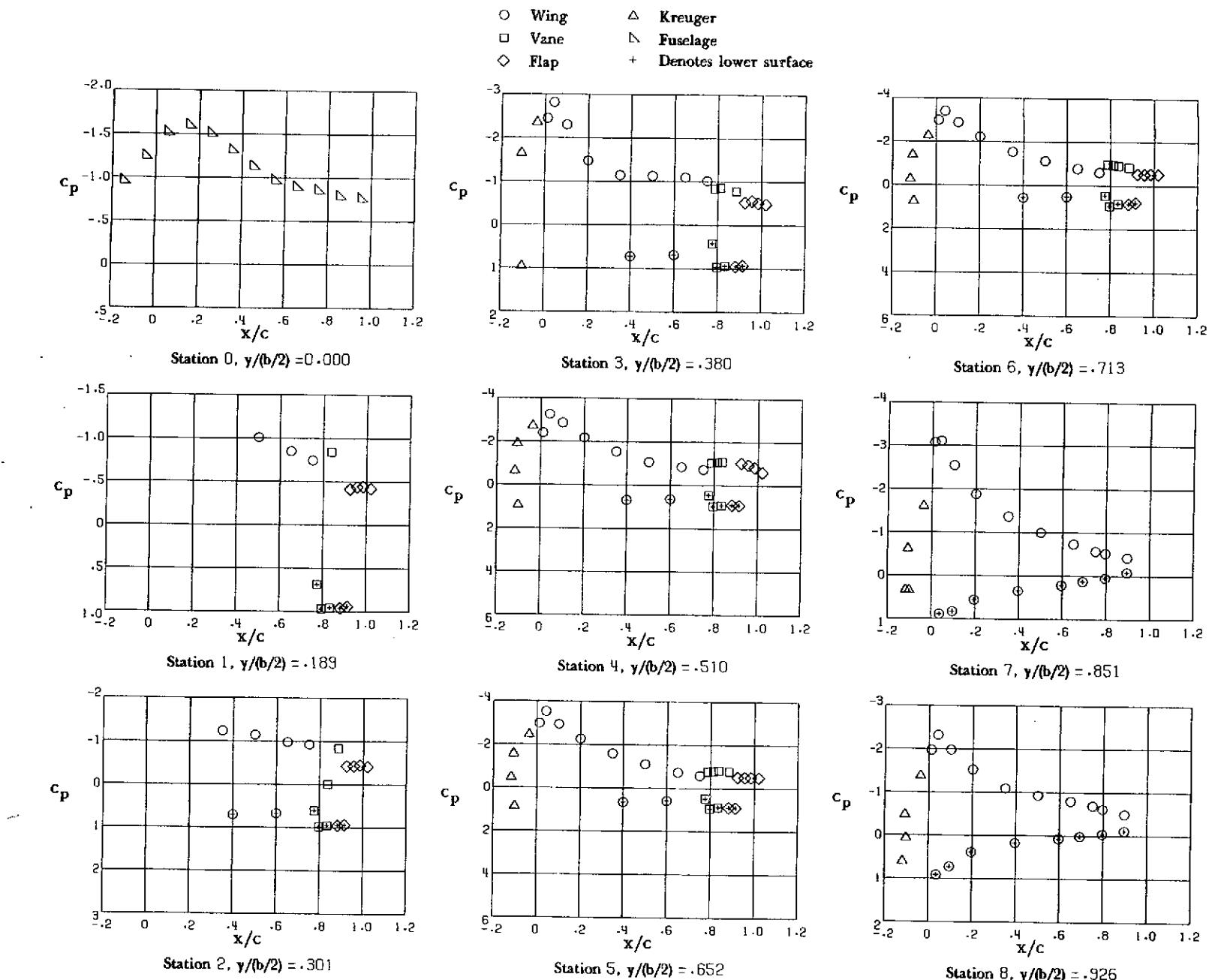
(B) $\alpha_{LPHR} = 16$ DEG.

Figure 18. - CONCLUDED.

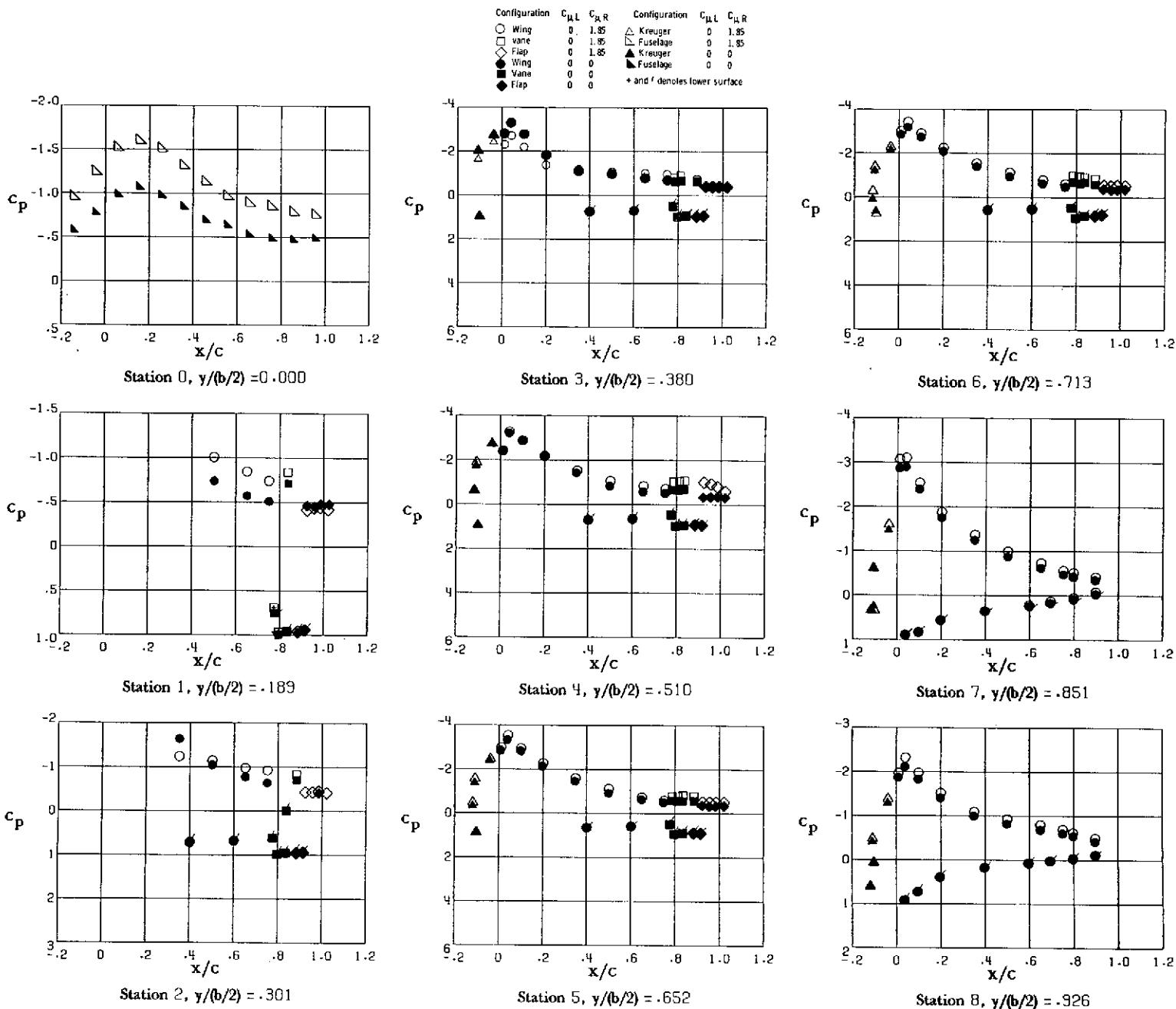


FIGURE 19 - EFFECT OF A RIGHT ENGINE INOPERATIVE ON CHORDWISE PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS WITH METAL FLAP BEHIND LEFT ENGINE REMOVED.
 $\alpha = 16$ DEG.

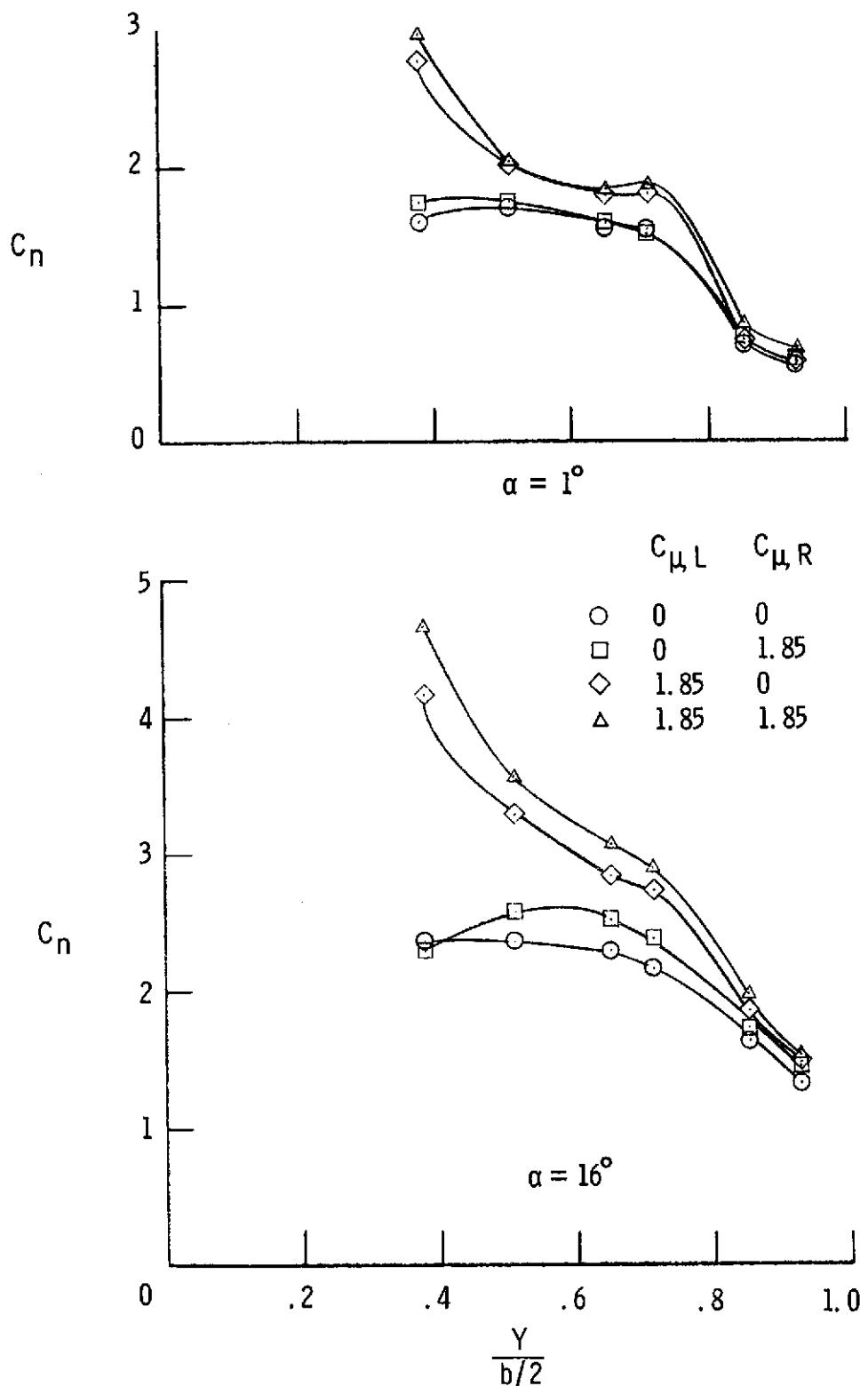


Figure 20. – Effect of an engine inoperative on span loading of the left wing.

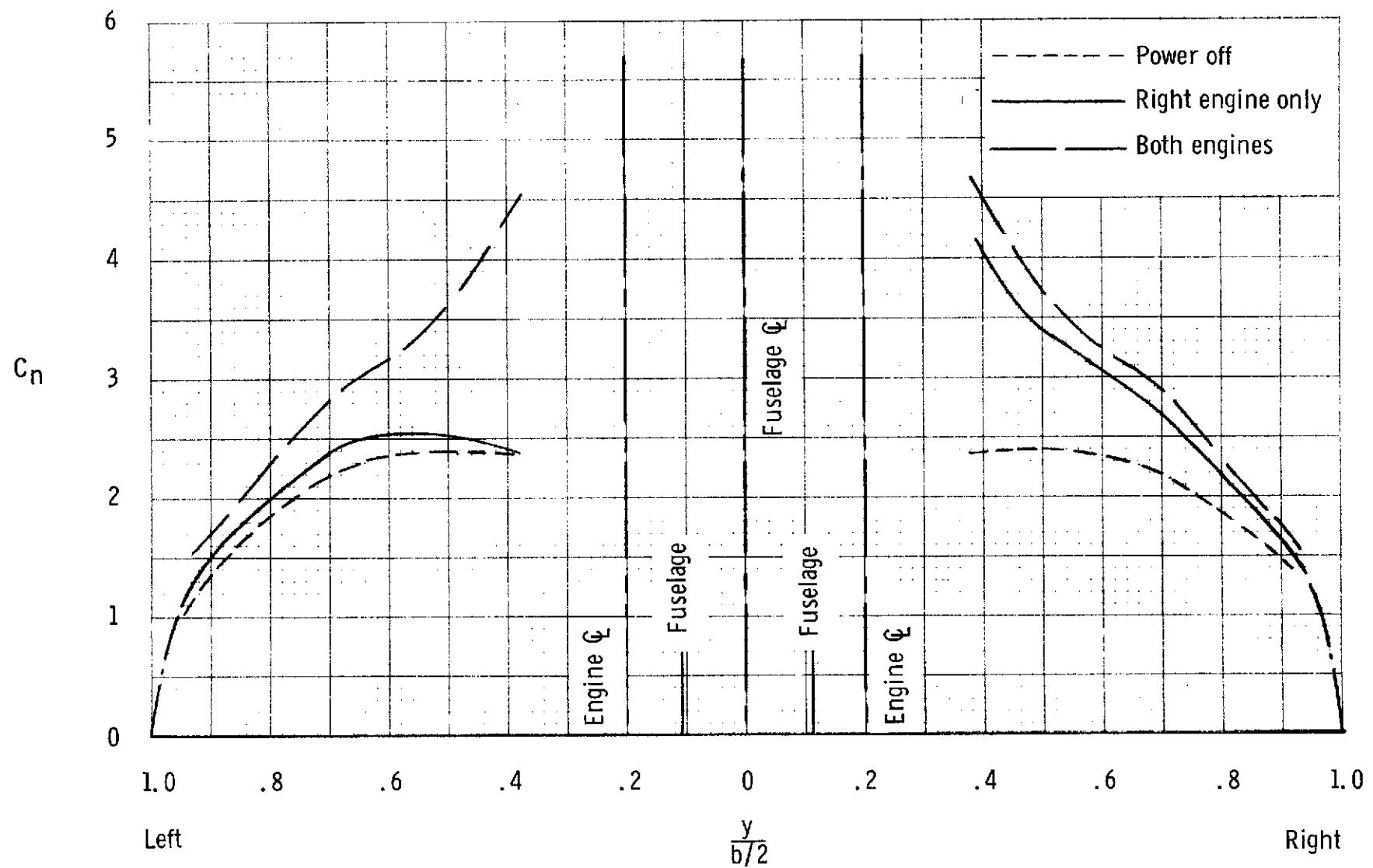


Figure 21. - Typical spanwise load distribution for the model with and without an engine inoperative.
 $\alpha = 16^\circ, \delta_f = 55^\circ$.